

Installation Manual MULTI FUNCTION DISPLAY Model TZT2BB

SAI SYS EQI	FETY INSTRUCTIONS STEM CONFIGURATION UIPMENT LIST	i ii iv
1. I	MOUNTING	1-1
1.1	Mounting Considerations	1-1
1.2	How to Install the Processor Unit	1-2
1.3	How to Install the Switch Box	1-3
1.4	How to Install Transducers	1-4
2. \	WIRING	2-1
2.1	Interface Connections Overview	2-1
2.2	How to Protect the Interface Connections	2-2
2.3	MULTI Cable	2-4
2.4	DRS Radar Sensor Connections	2-6
2.5	Network Connection with Other TZT Series Units	2-6
2.6	USB Connections	2-7
2.7	VIDEO IN, HDMI IN/OUT Connections	2-7
2.8	NMEA 2000 Connector	2-8
2.9	Example System Configurations	2-14
3. I	EQUIPMENT SETUP	3-1
3.1	How to Set Time Zone, Time Format and Language	
3.2	How to Set Units of Measurement	3-5
3.3	Initial Setup	3-6
3.4	How to Set Up the Radar	3-12
3.5	How to Set Up the Fish Finder	3-15
3.6	Wireless LAN Settings	3-20
3.7	Ferry Mode	
3.8	How to Manage Your Charts	3-23
3.9	IP Camera Setup	3-26
API	PX. 1 TRANSDUCER LIST	AP-1
PA	CKING LIST(S)	A-1
OU	TLINE DRAWING(S)	D-1
INT	ERCONNECTION DIAGRAM(S)	S-1





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▲ SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

The installer must read the applicable safety instructions before attempting to install or operate the equipment.



SYSTEM CONFIGURATION



- *1: Use an Ethernet HUB. A maximum of 4 units of NavNet TZtouch series can be connected. NavNet TZtouch (TZT9/14/BB) cannot be connected. See page iii for TZT series compatible combinations. TZT series has a built-in GPS antenna, GPS receiver, and fish finder.
- *2: Hatteland monitor display.
- *3: Use an after-market PoE HUB. The NETGEAR GS108PE is confirmed as compatible. Compatibility tests are limited to general use as part of this configuration and in no way indicates overall capability. Further, FURUNO cannot guarantee the functionality of any after-market HUB.
- *4: For the multi-stage (cascade) connection, a maximum of four units of HUB-101/HUB-102 can be connected to the MFDs.
- *5: Applicable when FUSION-LINK compatible device is connected via Ethernet HUB.
- *6: Update the software of these radars to the following version or later before using:
 DRS2D-NXT, DRS4D-NXT: Ver. 01.07
- DRS6A-NXT, DRS12A-NXT, DRS25A-NXT: Ver. 01.02
- ^{*7}: DRS2D-NXT and DRS4D-NXT cannot be used in Japan.
- *8: DRS4D X-Class is for Japanese market only.
- Note: Do not connect/disconnect the HDMI cable between the MPU-004 and touch monitor while the power is turned on.

TZT series network connection

The TZT series can be connected on the same network with the following combinations.

	TZtouch: TZT9/14/BB	TZtouch3: TZT9F/12F/16F/19F	TZtouchXL: TZT10X/13X/16X/22X/24X
TZtouch2: TZTL12F/15F	No	Ves	No
TZtouch2: TZT2BB	NO	res	Yes

EQUIPMENT LIST

Standard supply

Name	Туре	Code No.	Qty.	Remarks
Processor Unit	MPU-004	-	1	
Switch Box	PSD-003	-	1	
Installation Materials	CP19-02100	000-034-826	1	
Spare Parts	SP19-00601	001-023-040	1	Fuses

Optional supply

Name	Туре	Code No.	Remarks
Switch Box	PSD-003	000-034-828	
Joint Box	TL-CAT-012	000-167-140-10	For LAN cable exten-
			sion
Remote Control Unit	MCU-002	-	
	MCU-004	-	
	MCU-005	-	
19" Maritime Multidisplay	HD19T22-MMD-MA1-FHGP	-	
24" Maritime Multidisplay	HD24T22-MMD-MA1-FHGP	-	
NMEA Data Converter	IF-NMEA2K2	000-020-510	
Ethernet HUB	HUB-101	-	
	HUB-102	-	
Junction Box	FI-5002	000-010-765	
Power Supply Unit	PSU-017	000-022-997	
Rectifier	PR-62	000-013-484	For 100 V AC
		000-013-485	For 110 V AC
		000-013-486	For 220 V AC
		000-013-487	For 230 V AC
AC/DC Power Supply Unit	PR-241	-	
Ferrite Core	OP86-11	000-594-450	For PR-241
NMEA Cable Assembly	M12-05BM+05BF-010	001-105-750-10	Length: 1 m
	M12-05BM+05BF-020	001-105-760-10	Length: 2 m
	M12-05BM+05BF-060	001-105-770-10	Length: 6 m
	M12-05BFFM-010	001-105-780-10	Length: 1 m
	M12-05BFFM-020	001-105-790-10	Length: 2 m
	M12-05BFFM-060	001-105-800-10	Length: 6 m
	CB-05PM+05BF-010	000-167-968-11	Length: 1 m
	CB-05PM+05BF-020	000-167-969-11	Length: 2 m
	CB-05PM+05BF-060	000-167-970-11	Length: 6 m
	CB-05BFFM-010	000-167-971-11	Length: 1 m
	CB-05BFFM-020	000-167-972-11	Length: 2 m
	CB-05BFFM-060	000-167-973-11	Length: 6 m
MJ Cable Assembly	MJ-A6SPF0016-005C	000-159-689-11	For FAX-30
External Alarm Buzzer	OP03-136	000-086-443	Buzzer: PKB5-3A40

Name	Туре	Code No.	Remarks
LAN Cable Assembly	MOD-Z072-020+	001-167-880-10	Length: 2 m
	MOD-Z073-030+	000-167-171-10	Length: 3 m
	MOD-Z072-050+	001-167-890-10	Length: 5 m
	MOD-Z072-100+	001-167-900-10	Length: 10 m
NMEA connectors	SS-050505-FMF-TS001	000-168-603-10	Micro T-Connector
	NC-050505-FMF-TS001	000-160-507-10	Mini/Micro T-Connector
	LTWMC-05BMMT-SL8001	000-168-604-10	Termination Resistor
	LTWMC-05BFFT-SL8001	000-168-605-10	(Micro)
	LTWMN-05AMMT-SL8001	000-160-508-10	Termination Resistor
	LTWMN-05AFFT-SL8001	000-160-509-10	(Mini)
	FRU-0505-FF-IS	001-077-830-10	In-line Terminator
Matching Box	MB-1100	000-027-226	For 1kW transducers
Transducer	520-5PSD* ¹	000-015-204	
	520-5MSD* ¹	000-015-212	
	525-5PWD* ¹	000-027-447	
	520-PLD* ¹	000-023-680	
	525T-BSD*1	000-023-020	
	525T-PWD* ¹	000-023-019	
	SS60-SLTD/12*1	000-023-676	
	SS60-SLTD/20*1	000-023-677	
	525T-LTD/12*1	000-023-679	
	525T-LTD/20* ¹	000-023-678	
	526TID-HDD* ¹	000-023-021	
	50/200-1T *10M* * ¹	000-015-170	Require MB-1100 for
	50B-6 *10M*	000-015-042	connection (available
	50B-6B *15M*	000-015-043	separately).
	200B-5S *10M*	000-015-029	
Triducer	525STID-MSD* ¹	000-011-783	
	525STID-PWD*1	000-011-784	
Extension Cable	C332 10M* ²	001-464-120	For transducer cable extension.
Inner Hull Mounting Kit	22S0191	001-321-930	
MCU-005 Modification Kit	OP19-19	001-506-900	For retrofits.

^{*1}: Compatible with ACCU-FISH[™], Bottom Discrimination and RezBoost[™] Enhanced mode.

*2: Use of the extension cable may cause the following problems:

- Reduced detection ability
- Wrong ACCU-FISH[™] information (fish length smaller than actual length, fewer fish detections, error in individual fish detection).
- Wrong speed data
- No TD-ID recognition

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1. MOUNTING

1.1 Mounting Considerations

When selecting a mounting location, keep the following points in mind:

- Install the units indoors.
- Locate the units away from water splash.
- The operating temperature range of the processor unit is -15°C to 55°C (-27°F to 99°F). Be sure the mounting location satisfies this requirement.
- Locate the units away from exhaust pipes and vents.
- The mounting locations should be well ventilated.
- Mount the units where shock and vibration are minimal.
- Keep the units away from electromagnetic field-generating equipment such as motors and generators.
- Referring to the outline drawings at the back of this manual, leave sufficient room for service and maintenance. Also, leave slack in cables for maintenance and servicing ease.
- A magnetic compass may receive interference if it is placed too close to these units. Observe the compass safe distances noted in the safety instructions to prevent interference to the magnetic compass.
- The processor unit is equipped with an internal LAN antenna and should be installed in a location where the signal is not interrupted or halted by obstructions.
 If you cannot install the processor in an obstruction-free location, connect the processor unit to a wireless LAN router via LAN cable to establish an ETHERNET connection.

1.2 How to Install the Processor Unit

The Processor Unit (MPU-004) can be installed on a flat surface (such as a desktop) or on a bulkhead.

1.2.1 Bulkhead installation

- 1. Referring to the outline drawing at the back of this manual, drill four holes for the mounting screws (self-tapping ϕ 5×20, supplied as installation materials).
- 2. Fit two screws to the upper holes, leaving sufficient thread exposed to hang the processor unit.
- 3. Hang the processor unit on the two fitted screws, taking care the that processor is correctly oriented, with the cables and connectors facing downwards.



- 4. Loosely fasten two screws to the bottom two holes.
- 5. Fasten all four screws evenly, securing the processor unit to the installation location.

1.2.2 Flat Surface (desktop) installation

- 1. Referring to the outline drawing at the back of this manual, drill four holes for the mounting screws (self-tapping ϕ 5×20, supplied as installation materials).
- 2. Fit two screws to the upper holes, leaving sufficient thread exposed to fit the processor unit.
- 3. Slide the processor unit on the two fitted screws.
- 4. Loosely fasten two screws to the bottom two holes.
- 5. Fasten all four screws evenly, securing the processor unit to the installation location.

1.3 How to Install the Switch Box

The switch box (PSD-003) is designed to be flush mounted on a flat surface, such as a bulkhead or console.

- 1. Referring to the supplied outline drawing, make a cutout at the mounting location.
- 2. Unfasten the two screws that connect the flushmount bracket to the PSD-003, then remove the bracket. The bracket and screws are reused.
- 3. Fit the flushmount sponge (included as installation materials) to the rear of the switch box.
- Insert the switch box to the cutout.
 Note: Take care that the cables are not pinched or squashed.
- 5. Fit the flushmount bracket (removed at step 2) to the rear of the unit, then secure the bracket with two screws.
- 6. Tighten the wing bolts to fasten the switch box.
- 7. Tighten the wing nuts to fasten the flushmount bracket, securing the switch box.



1.4 How to Install Transducers

Note: For configurations using the DFF-3D, see the DFF-3D installation instructions in the operator's manual (OME-13520-xx; xx indicates publication version).

1.4.1 How to install a transducer through the hull

Transducer mounting location

The thru-hull mount transducer provides the best performance of all, since the transducer protrudes from the hull and the effect of air bubbles and turbulence near the hull skin is reduced. If your boat has a keel, the transducer should be at least 30 cm away from it.

The performance of this fish finder is directly related to the mounting location of the transducer, especially for high-speed cruising. The installation should be planned in advance, keeping the length of the transducer cable and the following factors in mind:

- Air bubbles and turbulence caused by movement of the boat seriously degrade the sounding capability of the transducer. The transducer should, therefore, be located in a position where water flow is the smoothest. Noise from the propellers also adversely affects performance and the transducer should not be mounted nearby. The lifting strakes are notorious for creating acoustic noise, and these must be avoided by keeping the transducer inboard of them.
- The transducer must always remain submerged, even when the boat is rolling, pitching or up on a plane at high speed.
- A practical choice would be somewhere between 1/3 and 1/2 of your boat's length from the stern. For planing hulls, a practical location is generally rather far astern, so that the transducer is always in water regardless of the planing attitude.



Installation procedure

- 1. With the boat hauled out of the water, mark the location chosen for mounting the transducer on the bottom of the hull.
- 2. If the hull is not level within 15° in any direction, fairing blocks made out of teak should be used between the transducer and hull, both inside and outside, to keep the transducer face parallel with the water line. Fabricate the fairing block as shown below and make the entire surface as smooth as possible to provide an undisturbed flow of water around the transducer. The fairing block should be smaller than the transducer itself to provide a channel to divert turbulent water around the sides of the transducer rather than over its face.



- 3. Drill a hole just large enough to pass the threaded stuffing tube of the transducer through the hull, making sure it is drilled vertically.
- 4. Apply a sufficient amount of high quality caulking compound to the top surface of the transducer, around the threads of the stuffing tube and inside the mounting hole (and fairing blocks if used) to ensure watertight mounting.
- 5. Mount the transducer and fairing blocks and tighten the locknut. Be sure that the transducer is properly oriented and its working face is parallel to the waterline.



Note: Do not over-stress the stuffing tube and locknut through excessive tightening, since the wood block will swell when the boat is placed in the water. It is suggested that the nut be tightened lightly at installation and re-tightened several days after the boat has been launched.

Transducer preparation

Before putting your boat in water, wipe the face of the transducer thoroughly with a detergent liquid soap. This will lessen the time necessary for the transducer to have good contact with the water. Otherwise the time required for complete "saturation" will be lengthened and performance will be reduced.

DO NOT paint the transducer. Performance will be affected.

1. MOUNTING

1.4.2 How to install a transducer in the transom

The optional transom mount transducer is very commonly employed, usually on relatively small I/O or outboard boats. Do not use this method on an inboard motor boat because turbulence is created by the propeller ahead of the transducer.

DO NOT over-tighten screws, to prevent damage to the transducer.



Installation procedure

A suitable mounting location is at least 50 cm away from the engine and where the water flow is smooth.

- 1. Drill four pilot holes for self-tapping screw (5×20) in the mounting location.
- 2. Coat the threads of the self-tapping screws (5x14) for the transducer with marine sealant for waterproofing. Attach the transducer to the mounting location with the self-tapping screws.
- 3. Adjust the transducer position so the transducer faces right to the bottom. If necessary, to improve water flow and minimize air bubbles staying on the transducer face, incline the transducer about 5° at the rear. This may require a certain amount of experimentation for fine tuning at high cruising speeds.
- 4. Tape the location shown in the figure below.



5. Fill the gap between the wedge front of the transducer and transom with epoxy material to eliminate any air spaces.



6. After the epoxy hardens, remove the tape.

1.4.3 How to install a transducer from inside the hull

The transducer may also be installed inside the hull on FRP boats. However, this installation method affects the ability to detect the seabed, fish and other objects because the ultrasound pulse is weakened when it passes through the hull.

Note: This mounting method should not be used to mount transducers that support the RezBoost^M, ACCU-FISH^M and/or Bottom Discrimination Display feature, since performance is greatly degraded.

Necessary tools

The following tools are required:

- Sandpaper (#100)
- Marine sealant
- Water-filled plastic bag

Remarks on installation

- Do the installation with the ship moored at a dock, etc. The water depth should be 6.5 to 32 feet (2 to 10 meters).
- Turn off the engine.
- Do not power the unit with the transducer in the air, to prevent damage to the transducer.
- Do not use this method on a double layer hull.
- Before attaching the transducer to the hull, check that the site is suitable, by following steps 1 to 3 in the installation procedure below.

Installation procedure

The attenuation of the ultrasound pulse varies with the thickness of the hull. Select a location where attenuation is the lowest.

- 1. Select 2-3 locations considering the four points mentioned below.
 - Mount the transducer at a location 1/2 to 1/3 of the length of your boat from the stern.
 - The mounting location is between 15 to 50 cm from the centerline of the hull.
 - Do not place the transducer over hull struts or ribs which run under the hull.
 - Avoid a location where the rising angle of the hull exceeds 15°, to minimize the effect of the boat's rolling.



- 2. Decide the most suitable site from the locations selected.
 - 1) Connect the power cable and transducer cable to the display unit.

- 2) Put the transducer into water-filled plastic bag. Press the transducer against the chosen site.
- 3) Tap \bigcirc (power switch) to turn the power on.
- After the startup procedure completes (approx. 90 seconds), the last used display appears.
 Tap the [FURUNO] icon (TURUNO) to show the home screen and display mode settings. See section 3.3 for how to use the menu.



- 5) Drag the menu to show [Sounder] in the menu, then tap [Sounder].
- 6) Drag the [Sounder] menu to show the [SOUNDER INITIAL SETUP] menu.
- 7) Tap [Fish Finder Source].
- Confirm the available fish finder from the list of available sounders, then tap the appropriate fish finder. For the purpose of this example, the default setting [TZTL] (internal sounder) is selected as the source.
- 9) Tap the [<] icon to return to the [Sounder] menu
- 10) Drag the [Sounder] menu to show the [SOUNDER INITIAL SETUP] menu.
- 11) Tap [Transducer Setup].
- 12) Tap [Transducer Setup Type].
- 13) Tap [Model], then tap the [<] icon to return to [Transducer Setup] menu.
- 14) Tap [Model Number], drag the menu to show your transducer model, then tap the transducer model number.
- 15) Tap the [<] icon twice to return to the [Sounder] menu, then drag the [Sounder] to show the [SOUNDER INITIAL SETUP] menu.
- 16) At the [Transmission Power] menu item, set the transmission power to a level of [2].
- 17) Drag the menu to show [Sounder Transmit], then tap [Sounder Transmit]. Check if the bottom echo appears on the right side of the screen, in the display area.

If no bottom echo appears, repeat the procedure unit a suitable location is found.

- 3. Remove the transducer from the plastic bag and wipe the face of transducer with a cloth to remove water and any foreign material. Lightly roughen the face with #100 sandpaper. Also, use the sandpaper to roughen the inside of the hull where the transducer is to be mounted.
- 4. Wipe off any sandpaper dust from the face of the transducer.

- 5. Dry the face of the transducer and the hull. Coat the transducer face and mounting location with marine sealant. Hardening begins in approx. 15 to 20 minutes so do this step without delay.
- 6. Attach the transducer to the hull. Press the transducer firmly down on the hull and gently twist it back and forth to remove any air which may be trapped in the marine sealant.
- 7. Support the transducer with a piece of wood to keep it in place while the sealant is drying. It takes 24 to 72 hours to harden completely.
- 8. Turn the power on and change the menu setting as shown below. See section 3.3 for how to use the menu.



- 1) Tap the [FURUNO] icon (TORUNO) to show the home screen and display mode settings.
- 2) Drag the menu to show [Sounder] in the menu, then tap [Sounder].
- 3) Drag the [Sounder] menu to show the [SOUNDER INITIAL SETUP] menu.
- 4) At the [Transmission Power] menu item, set the transmission power to a level of [10].
- 5) Adjust the Bottom Level and Gain Offset settings as shown in the table below.

Menu Item	Setting
Bottom Level HF	-40
Bottom Level LF	-40
Gain Offset HF	20
Gain Offset LF	20

1.4.4 How to install a triducer

DO NOT over-tighten screws, to prevent damage to the transducer.

525STID-MSD

The optional triducer 525STID-MSD is designed for thru-hull mounting.



525STID-PWD

The optional transom mount triducer 525STID-PWD can be installed by the thru-hull method or the inside-hull method.

Pretest for speed and temperature

Connect the sensor to the instrument and spin the paddlewheel. Check for a speed reading and the approximate air temperature. If there is no reading, return the sensor to your place of purchase.

Tools and materials required

- Scissors
 Safety goggles
 Electric drill
 Drill bit:

 For bracket holes: 4 mm, #23, or 9/64"
 For fiberglass hull: chamfer bit (preferred), 6 mm, or 1/4"
 For transom hole: 9 mm or 3/4" (optional)
 For cable clamp holes: 3 mm or 1/8"

 Straight edge

 Marine sealant
 Cable ties
- Water-based anti-fouling paint (mandatory in salt water)

Mounting location

To ensure the best performance, the sensor must be submerged in aeration-free and turbulence-free water. Mount the sensor close to the centerline of your boat. On slower heavier displacement hulls, positioning it farther from the centerline is acceptable. Allow adequate space above the bracket for it to release and rotate the sensor upward.

Note 1: Do not mount the sensor in an area of turbulence or bubbles: near water in-take or discharge openings; behind strakes, struts, fittings, or hull irregularities; behind eroding paint (an indication of turbulence).



minimum beyond

swing radius

may be supported during trailering, launching, hauling, and storage.

Note 3: For single drive boat, mount on the starboard side at least 75 mm (3") beyond the swing radius of the propeller, as shown in the right figure.

Note 4: For twin drive boat, mount between the drives.

How to install the bracket

- 1. Cut out the installation template (enclosed with transducer) along the dotted line.
- 2. At the selected location, position the template, so the arrow at the bottom is aligned with the bottom edge of the transom. Being sure the template is parallel to the waterline, tape it in place.

Warning: Always wear safety goggles and a dust mask.

3. Using a 4 mm, #23, or 9/64" bit, drill three holes 22 mm (7/8") deep at the locations indicated. To prevent drilling too deeply, wrap masking tape around the bit 22 mm (7/8")from the point.

Align template vertically. Deadrise angle Slope of hull Parallel to waterline Align template arrow with bottom edge of transom.

Fiberglass hull: Minimize surface cracking by chamfering the gelcoat. If a chamfer bit or countersink bit is not available, start drilling with a 6mm or 1/4" bit to a depth of 1 mm (1/16").

- 4. If you know your transom angle, the bracket is designed for a standard 13° transom angle.
 - 11° to 18° angle: No shim is required. Skip to step 3 in "Adjustments".
 - · Other angles: The shim is required. Skip to step 2 of "Adjustments".

If you do not know the transom angle, temporarily attach the bracket and sensor to the transom to determine if the plastic shim is needed.



5. Using the three #10 x 1-1/4" self-tapping screws, temporarily screw the bracket to the hull. DO NOT tighten the screws completely at this time. Follow the step 1-4 in "How to attach the sensor to the bracket", before proceeding with "Adjustments".

Adjustments

- Using a straight edge, sight the underside of the sensor relative to the underside of the hull. The stern of the sensor should be 1-3 mm (1/16-1/8") below the bow of the sensor or parallel to the bottom of the hull.
 Note: Do not position the bow of the sensor lower than the stern because aeration will occur.
- 2. To adjust the sensor's angle relative to the hull, use the tapered plastic shim provided. If the bracket has been temporarily fastened to the transom, remove it. Key the shim in place on the back of the bracket.

2°-10° transom angle (stepped transom and jet boats): Position the shim with the tapered end down.

19°-22° transom angle (small aluminum and fiberglass boats): Position the shim with the tapered end up.

If the bracket has been temporarily fastened to the transom, remove it. Apply marine sealant to the threads of the three #10 x 1-1/4" self-tapping screws to prevent water seeping into the transom. Screw the bracket to the hull. Do not tighten the screws completely at this time.



- Repeat step 1 to ensure that the angle of the sensor is correct.
 Note: Do not position the sensor farther into the water than necessary to avoid increasing drag, spray, and water noise and reducing boat speed.
- 5. Using the vertical adjustment space on the bracket slots, slide the sensor up or down to provide a projection of 3 mm (1/8"). Tighten the screws.

How to attach the sensor to the bracket

- 1. If the retaining cover near the top of the bracket is closed, open it by depressing the latch and rotating the cover downward.
- 2. Insert the sensor's pivot arms into the slots near the top of the bracket.
- 3. Maintain pressure until the pivot arms click into place.
- 4. Rotate the sensor downward until the bottom snaps into the bracket.
- 5. Close the retaining cover to prevent the accidental release of the sensor when your boat is underway.

How to route the cable



Route the sensor cable over the transom, through a drain hole, or through a new hole drilled in the transom above the waterline.

Never cut the cable or remote the connector; this will void the warranty. Always wear safety goggles and a dust mask.

- 1. If a hole must be drilled, choose a location well above the waterline. Check for obstructions such as trim tabs, pumps, or wiring inside the hull. Mark the location with a pencil. Drill a hole through the transom using a 19 mm or 3/4" bit (to accommodate the connector).
- 2. Route the cable over or through the transom.
- 3. On the outside of the hull secure the cable against the transom using the cable clamps. Position a cable clamp 50 mm (2") above the bracket and mark the mounting hole with a pencil.
- 4. Position the second cable clamp halfway between the first clamp and the cable hole. Mark this mounting hole.
- 5. If a hole has been drilled in the transom, open the appropriate slot in the transom cable cover. Position the cover over the cable where it enters the hull. Mark the two mounting holes.
- At each of the marked locations, use a 3 mm or 1/8" bit to drill a hole 10 mm (3/8") deep. The prevent drilling too deeply, wrap masking tape around the bit 10 mm (3/8") from the point.
- 7. Apply marine sealant to the threads of the #6 x 1/2" self-tapping screw to prevent water from seeping into the transom. If you have drilled a hole through the transom, apply marine sealant to the space around the cable where it passes through the transom.
- 8. Position the two cable clamps and fasten them in place. If used, push the cable cover over the cable and screw it in place.

1. MOUNTING

9. Route the cable to the display unit being careful not to tear the cable jacket when passing it though the bulkhead(s) and other parts of the boat. To reduce electrical interference, separate the sensor cable from other electrical wiring and "noise" sources. Coil any excess cable and secure it in place with cable ties to prevent damage.

2.1 Interface Connections Overview

The figure below shows the connections available on the processor unit. For detailed information on connections, see the interconnection diagram at the back of this manual.



2.2 How to Protect the Interface Connections

All cable connectors not inside the equipment, whether exposed to weather or otherwise, should be waterproofed and secured after making the connection. By securing and waterproofing the connections, the IPx2 rating can be maintained. Disconnections/loosened connections are also prevented.

To waterproof and secure each connection, refer to the procedures outlined below.

For completed connections

1) Wrap the connection, covering approx. 30 mm to either side, with self-vulcanizing tape.



Self-vulcanizing tape

2) Wrap a second layer of self-vulcanizing tape in the opposite direction.

Self-vulcanizing tape



 Wrap vinyl tape over the self-vulcanizing tape. The vinyl tape should cover approx. 50 mm to either side of the connection.



4) Wrap a second layer of vinyl tape in the opposite direction.



5) Bind the tape ends with cable ties to prevent the tape from unraveling.



For unused cables

1) Cover the loose end of the cable connector with self-vulcanizing tape.



 Wrap the connector with a layer of vulcanizing tape, covering approx. 50 mm of the connected cable.
 Note: Confirm that the connector is covered.



3) Wrap vinyl tape over the self-vulcanizing tape on the connector.



4) Wrap the connector with a layer of vinyl tape.



5) Bind the tape end with a cable tie to prevent the tape from unraveling.



2.3 MULTI Cable

The MULTI cable is used for connection to the power switch, event switch, external buzzer. The cable has 11 wires, connect these wires referring to the table below.

Wire color	Connect to
White	NMEA - TD_A
Blue	NMEA - TD_B
Gray	External buzzer ON/OFF
Red	External buzzer power (12 V)
Orange	Event switch (MOB, etc.)
Black	Event Switch Ground
Purple	Power Switch
Brown	DC_N
White/Red	Unused
White/Black	Unused
Black (Braided shield)	Ship's ground

2.3.1 How to isolate and secure unused wires

- 1. Cut the outer and inner sheaths lengthwise. Take care not to cut the wires.
- 2. Fold back the outer sheath, then fold back the inner sheath, covering the outer sheath.
- 3. Individually isolate unused wires using vinyl tape, then secure the unused wires as shown in the figure below.



2.3.2 How to set up NMEA 0183 data output

Note: To set up data output for NMEA 0183 equipment, see "NMEA 0183 sentence output" on page 2-13.

- 1. Cut the connector at the end of the NMEA 0183 equipment cable to an appropriate length for your installation.
- 2. Referring to the figure below, place heat shrink tubes on the wires, then solder the connection point.
- 3. Move the heat shrink tubes to the soldered connection, then apply heat to the tubes.



- 4. Isolate and secure unused wires as shown in section 2.2.
- 5. Referring to "[DATA ACQUISITION] menu" on page 3-8, set up the interface as required.

2.3.3 How to connect the external buzzer

Connect the optional external buzzer (OP03-136) following the procedure below.

Note: The external buzzer does not require menu settings.

- 1. Cut the XH connector at the end of the external buzzer cable to an appropriate length for your installation.
- 2. Referring to the figure below, place heat shrink tubes on the wires, then solder the connection point.
- 3. Move the heat shrink tubes to the soldered connection, then apply heat to the tubes.
- 4. Secure the buzzer with double-sided tape (local supply) or two self-tapping screws (3×15 or 3×20, local supply).
- 5. Secure any unused wires, referring to section 2.3.1.

Red wire Multi cable External buzzer Black wire Gray wire Secure unused wires with tape here Solder the connection point, then set the heat shrink tube to the cores.

External buzzer connection example

2.3.4 How to connect and set up the event switch

Note: The event switch does not require menu settings.

- 1. Referring to the figure below, connect, then solder, the orange wire and black wire from the MULTI cable to the event switch.
- 2. Secure any unused wires, referring to section 2.3.1.



Event switch connection example

3. Referring to "[Initial Setup] menu (Other menu items)" on page 3-9, set up the event switch.

2.4 DRS Radar Sensor Connections

Depending on your configuration, a separate power supply may be required for you radar sensor.

The figures below show connection examples with radar sensors which are compatible with the TZT2BB.

For details regarding connection and cables required for connection with the radar sensor, see the radar sensor's installation manual.

Note 1: DRS2D-NXT and DRS4D-NXT cannot be used in Japan. DRS4D X-Class is for Japanese market only.

Note 2: The Ethernet HUB HUB-101/HUB-102 (available as an optional extra) is required for configurations comprising DRS4DL, DRS4DL+, DRS4D NXT, DRS6A X-Class, DRS6A NXT, DRS12A X-Class or DRS25A X-Class, and networked with sensors via LAN.



(8)

FURURU

Processor Unit MPU-004

Connection example for radome sensors Connection example for open-array sensors

2.5 Network Connection with Other TZT Series Units

Processor Unit

MPU-004

Your TZT2BB is equipped with three network connectors (RJ45). Like previous NavNet series equipment, the TZT2BB is able to share Radar images and other information, across an Ethernet connection. Up to four NavNet TZtouch units may be connected to the same network at one time (see page iii for the details). For example, a configuration with one TZT22X and one TZT12F can have two TZT2BB units connected.

2.6 USB Connections

The TZT2BB has five USB connectors which can be used for the following:

- USB for HDMI OUT1/2: For HDMI touch monitors.
- USB for SWITCH BOX: For connection to the PSD-003.
- USB1: For connection to MCU-002/004 control units.
- USB2: For connection to an external HDD (via Micro-USB connector) or touch command output to external equipment.

2.7 VIDEO IN, HDMI IN/OUT Connections

The TZT2BB has two HDMI OUT connectors for touch monitors, one HDMI IN connector and two VIDEO IN connectors. For the location of each of these connectors, see the figure in section 2.1.

Note: For more detailed image quality, FURUNO recommends using IP cameras or HDMI input instead of analog cameras or Input for connection to the TZT2BB. If using an analog camera or Input, please use an Analog-HDMI converter for more detailed image quality.

Digital video input (HDMI)

The TZT2BB accepts and can display the following HMDI signal configurations.

Resolution	Vertical Freq.	Horizontal Freq.	Pixel Clock
1920×1080	60 Hz	67.5 kHz	148.5 MHz
1280×1024	60 Hz	64.0 kHz	108.0 MHz
1280×720	60 Hz	45.0 kHz	74.25 MHz
1024×768	60 Hz	48.4 kHz	65.0 MHz

Note 1: For dual monitor configurations, only one monitor can input HDMI to the TZT2BB.

Note 2: Interlaced input is not supported by the TZT2BB.

Connect the external monitor's HDMI cable to the HDMI IN cable on the TZT2BB.

The HDMI input may be set up using the appropriate menu item on the [Camera] menu, accessed from the [Settings] menu. For details on camera setup, see the operator's manual (OME-44870-x).

Analog video input

NOTICE

When using analog video, use a locally-arranged IP converter or HDMI converter, and display the video on a network camera or HDMI input video.

PAL format analog video can be directly input to this unit through each VIDEO IN1, VIDEO IN2 connector. Analog video is only displayed on the NavNet TZtouch2 device where it is being input.

Additionally FLIR cameras may be connected to the TZT2BB. Connect the Video Out cable from the camera to the VIDEO IN1/2 connector on the TZT2BB.

Note 1: An adapter may be required for connection to some camera models.

Note 2: A PAL converter (locally arranged) is required to input NTSC format analog video.

Cameras may be set up using the appropriate menu item on the [Camera] menu, accessed from the [Settings] menu. For details on camera setup, see the operator's manual (OME-44870-x).

Video out (external HDMI monitors)

You can connect an HDMI monitor to the TZT2BB. If the monitor is a touch monitor, you can also operate the TZT2BB from the monitor.

The TZT2BB is compatible with wide-screen monitors which meet the following requirements:

Resolution	Vertical Freq.	Horizontal Freq.	Pixel Clock
1920×1080	60 Hz	67.5 kHz	148.5 MHz
1280×1024	60 Hz	64.0 kHz	108.0 MHz
1024×768	60 Hz	48.4 kHz	65.0 MHz

Connect the monitor's HDMI IN cable to either HMDI OUT1 or HDMI OUT2 on the TZT2BB. For touch monitors, connect the USB cable on the monitor to the appropriate USB cable on the TZT2BB (USB for HMDI OUT1/2).

2.8 NMEA 2000 Connector

The TZT2BB has one NMEA 2000 connector (micro type connector). All TZT2BB must be connected to the same NMEA 2000 backbone. To connect the TZT2BB with a DRS (radar sensor), use "Ethernet Bridging" to link the DRS CAN bus and the NavNet TZ-touch2 CAN bus data (see section 2.4).

What is NMEA 2000?

NMEA 2000 (also knows as CAN bus) is a communication protocol that shares multiple data and signals through a single backbone cable. You can simply connect any NMEA 2000 devices onto the backbone cable to expand your network on-board. With NMEA 2000, IDs are assigned to all the devices in the network, and the status of each sensor in the network can be detected. All the NMEA 2000 devices can be incorporated into the NMEA 2000 network. For detailed information about NMEA 2000 wiring, see "FURUNO CAN bus Network Design Guide" (Type: TIE-00170).

2.8.1 How to connect the TZT2BB to NMEA 2000 equipment

Below is an example of two TZT2BB units, connected via NMEA 2000 to NMEA 2000 sensors.



Note 1: When using a DC-DC converter to supply power to the NMEA2000 network externally, use an isolated converter.

Note 2: The NMEA 2000 network requires a dedicated NMEA 2000 power supply. Turn the NMEA 2000 network power on before turning your connected equipment on.

Note 3: Terminators must be installed at both ends of the NMEA 2000 backbone cable.

2.8.2 How to connect Yamaha engine(s)

When interfaced with Yamaha outboard engine(s) compatible with Command Link[®], Command Link Plus[®] and Helm Master[®], the TZT2BB can display engine information on a dedicated Yamaha engine status display.

How to connect the engine

The NavNet TZtouch2 connects to the Yamaha engine network via the Yamaha Interface Unit. Arrange the Yamaha Interface Unit through a local Yamaha representative.



The Yamaha Engine Hub (Yamaha supply), which connects between the engine and the Yamaha Interface Unit, is also required.

Yamaha Engine Hub



Connection to TZT2BB

Connect the Yamaha Interface Unit to the Yamaha Engine Hub.



···· : Command Link@/Command Link Plus@/Helm Master@

How to set up the engine display

Once the TZT2BB detects the Yamaha engine network, the engine can be set up on [Settings] \rightarrow [Initial Setup] \rightarrow [YAMAHA ENGINE SETUP]. See "[YAMAHA ENGINE SETUP] menu" on page 3-7 for details.

2.8.3 NMEA 0183 equipment data input

Note: To output NMEA 0183 data, see section 2.3.2.

To connect NMEA 0183 equipment to the TZT2BB, use the NMEA 2000 network via the optional NMEA data converter IF-NMEA2K2 (or IF-NMEA2K1). This NMEA connection can accept a baud rate of 4800 or 38400.

Heading input to the TZT2BB allows functions such as Radar Overlay and course stabilization (North up, Course up, etc.) in the radar operating modes. The NMEA 0183 heading refresh rate needs to be 100 ms in order for any radar function to work properly. NMEA 0183 heading can be accepted on any NMEA 2000 port at a baud rate up to 38400 bps. In other words, data sent (IF-NMEA) and received (TZT2BB) must use the same baud rate for each individual data port.

Note 1: When using the ARPA function, set the heading refresh rate to 100 ms.

Note 2: For more information on connecting and wiring IF-NMEA2K2 or IF-NMEA2K1, refer to their respective installation manuals.

2.8.4 NMEA 2000 input/output

Input PGN

PGN	Description		
059392	ISO Acknowledgment		
059904	ISO Request		
060160	ISO Transport Protocol, Data Transfer		
060416	ISO Transport Protocol, Connection Management - BAM group function		
060928	ISO Address Claim		
	Self Test Group Function		
061184	HID Keyboard/Keypad Usage		
	HID Mouse Report Descriptor (Proprietary PGN)		
065240	ISO Commanded Address		
065280	Heave		
	NMEA-Request Group Function		
126208	NMEA-Command Group Function		
	NMEA-Acknowledge Group Function		
126464	PGN List -Transmit PGN's group function		
	Memory Clear Group Function		
106700	Reset Group Function		
126720	GMM Message		
	Interlocking device search		
126992	System Time		
126996	Product Information		
126998	Configuration Information		
127237	Heading/Track Control		
127245	Rudder		
127250	Vessel Heading		
127251	Rate of Turn		
127252	Heave		
127257	Attitude		
127258	Magnetic Variation		
127488	Engine Parameters, Rapid Update		
127489	Engine Parameters, Dynamic		
127493	Transmission Parameters, Dynamic		
127498	Engine Parameters, Static		
127503	AC Input Status		
127505	Fluid Level		
127506	DC Detailed Status		
127508	Battery Status		
128259	Speed, Water referenced		
128267	Water Depth		
129025	Position, Rapid Update		
129026	COG &SOG, Rapid Update		
129029	GNSS Position Data		
129033	Local Time Offset		
129038	AIS Class A Position Report		
129039	AIS Class B Position Report		
129040	AIS Class B Extended Position Report		

PGN	Description
129041	AIS Aids to Navigation (AtoN) Report
129291	Set &Drift, Rapid Update
129538	GNSS Control Status
129540	GNSS Satellites in View
129793	AIS UTC and Date Report
129794	AIS Class A Static and Voyage Related Data
129795	AIS Addressed Binary Message
129797	AIS Binary Broadcast Message
129798	AIS SAR Aircraft Position Report
129801	AIS Addressed Safety Related Message
129802	AIS Safety Related Broadcast Message
129808	DSC Call Information
129809	AIS Class B "CS" Static Data Report, Part A
129810	AIS Class B "CS" Static Data Report, Part B
130306	Wind Data
130310	Environmental Parameters - DEPRECATED
130311	Environmental Parameters - DEPRECATED
130312	Temperature - DEPRECATED
130313	Humidity
130314	Actual Pressure
130316	Temperature, Extended Range
130576	Trim Tab Status
130577	Direction Data
130578	Vessel Speed Component
130817	Furuno GNSS Control Status
130818	Heading & Attitude Sensor Control Status
130820	Motion Sensor Status
130822	Unit Division Code
130823	Browser Control Status
130826	Multi Sats In View
130827	NAVpilot General Message
130828	Mark Position Information
130845	Multi Sats in View Extended
130846	Motion Sensor Status Extended
130848	WaterCurrent Layer
130880	Additional Weather Data

Output PGN

The NMEA 2000 output PGN setting (found under the [Initial Setup] menu) is global to the network. Note that only one TZT2BB will output NMEA 2000 data on the network at a time: the TZT2BB which is powered ON first. If that display is turned OFF, another will take its place to output the data.

PGN	Description	Output cycle (msec)
059392	ISO Acknowledgment	
059904	ISO Request	
060928	ISO Address Claim	
061184	Self Test Group Function	
065287	HID Target Status	5000

PGN	Description	Output cycle (msec)
	NMEA-Request group function	
126208	NMEA-Command group function	
	NMEA-Acknowledge group function	
106464	PGN List-Transmit PGN's group function	
120404	PGN List-Received PGN's group function	
	Memory Clear Group Function	
106700	Reset Group Function	
120720	GMM Message	
	DSC Call Information for transmitting	
126992	System Time	1000
126993	Heartbeat	60000
126996	Product Information	
126998	Configuration Information	
127250	Vessel Heading	100
127251	Rate of Turn	100
127257	Attitude	1000
127258	Magnetic Variation	1000
128259	Speed, Water referenced	1000
128267	Water Depth	1000
128275	Distance Log	1000
129025	Position, Rapid Update	100
129026	COG &SOG, Rapid Update	250
129029	GNSS Position Data	1000
129033	Local Time Offset	1000
129283	Cross Track Error	1000
129284	Navigation Data	1000
129285	Navigation-Route/WP Information	
130306	Wind Data	100
130310	Environmental Parameters - DEPRECATED	500
130312	Temperature - DEPRECATED	2000
130313	Humidity	2000
130314	Actual Pressure	2000
130316	Temp, Extended Range	2000
130821	NAV Source Select	
130822	Unit Division Code	
130823	Browser Control Status	
130827	NAVpilot General Message (I AM NAV4 SERVER)	
130841	N2K System Setup Information	

NMEA 0183 sentence output

The TZT2BB can output the following NMEA 0183 sentence to external equipment on the same network. Note that all sentences listed here use the GP talker.

Sentence	Description
AAM	Waypoint Arrival Alarm
APB	Autopilot B Sentence Data
BOD	Bearing Origin to Destination
DBT	Depth Below Transducer
DPT	Depth

2. WIRING

Sentence	Description
GGA	Global positioning system fix data
GLL	Geographic position (Latitude/Longitude)
GNS	GNSS fix data
GSA	Overall satellite data
GSV	Detailed satellite data
RMB	Recommended navigation data for GPS
RMC	Recommended minimum data for GPS
RTE	Route message
TLL	Target Latitude/Longitude
TTM	Tracked Target Message
VTG	Vector track and Speed Over the Ground (SOG)
WPL	Waypoint Location information
XTE	Measured cross-track error
ZDA	Date and time

2.9 Example System Configurations

Basic plotter/fish finder installation

The FURUNO GP-330B is connected to the NMEA 2000 backbone cable. The DFF3-UHD network fish finder is connected to the LAN port of the TZTBB using the standard supply cable MOD-WPAS0001-030+(3 m) and a junction box TL-CAT-012.



Mid/Large-size vessels (External GPS, Fish Finder, Radar)

This is a single station plotter/radar/fish finder installation. Connection to multiple sensors, such as the DFF3-UHD and DRS series, requires an Ethernet HUB such as the HUB-101/HUB-102.



2. WIRING

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3. EQUIPMENT SETUP

This chapter shows you how to set up your system according to the equipment you have connected.

Touch control description

The touch control depends on the screen type. The basic operations to use during the installation setup are in the following table.

	Operating by finger	Function
Тар	"Etro	 Select a menu item. Select a setting option where there are multiple options. Select an object. Display the pop-up menu where available.
Drag	P m	Scroll the menu.
Pinch	Increase range Reduce range	Change the radar range.

How to operate the menus

The following procedure shows how to use the menu system.

- 1. Press (power switch) on the switch box to turn the power on.
- 2. After the startup process completes, the last used display appears and a warning message is displayed. After reading the message, tap [OK].
- 3. Tap the [FURUNO] icon (convertex for the settings.



- 4. Tap [Settings] to open the [Settings] menu.
- 5. Drag the menu to show [Initial Setup], then tap [Initial Setup].



- 6. Depending on the menu item selected, the following operations are available:
 - [ON]/[OFF] toggle switch.

Tap to switch between [ON] and [OFF]. [ON] activates the function, [OFF] deactivates the function.

Slidebar and keyboard icon. Size of Static Icon

Drag the slidebar to adjust the setting. Settings may also be adjusted using the software keyboard for direct input.

Keyboard icon.

Referring to the figure on the following page, use the software keyboard to input alphabet or numeric characters.

7. Tap [Close] (Indicated as an "X") at the top right-hand side of the screen to exit.

How to use the software keyboard

Alphabet software keyboard					<u>Numeric software keyboard</u>																				
< Route Name ×					<	C Route Name X																			
		ſ									۲	-(1)				RTE] ₀₂₃								۲
Q	W	E R	Т	Y	U	Ι	0	Ρ	G		-(2)			ļ	@	#	\$	%	&		7	8	9	+
A	S I	4	G	н	J	К	L			Del.				[]	(4)	{	}			4	5	6	3
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5	6													5	6)									
		N	о.										D	esc	ript	ion)								
	1 Cursor position is highlighted.																								
	2 Enter button. Tap to complete character input and apply changes.																								
	3 Cursor keys. Tap to move the cursor left/right.																								
	4 Cancel button. Aborts character entry. No changes are applied.																								
		5		Ba	cks	space	ce/D)ele	ete.	Тар	o to	o era	se (one	cha	arac	cter	at a	a tir	ne.					
		6		Та	p to) sv	/itcł	ו be	etwe	een	alp	bhab	et a	and	nun	neri	ic k	eyb	oar	ds ((wh	ere	ava	aila	ble).

3.1 How to Set Time Zone, Time Format and Language

Before setting up your equipment, select the time zone, language and units to use on your equipment as shown below.

- 1. Tap the [FURUNO] icon (rupumo) to show the home screen and display mode settings.
- 2. Tap [Settings] to show the [Settings] menu.
- 3. Drag the menu to display the [General] menu item, then tap [General] on the main menu to show the [General] menu.
- 4. Drag the menu to show the [Local Time Offset] menu item, then tap [Local Time Offset] to show the numerical keyboard.
- 5. Input the time difference (using 15-minute intervals), then tap $[\checkmark]$.
- 6. Drag the menu to show the [Time Format] menu item, then tap [Time Format] to show the option window.
- 7. Select how to display time, in 12 or 24 hour format. [Auto] automatically inserts AM, PM indication in 24 hour clock, when the language is English.
- 8. Tap the [<] at the top left of the screen to return to the [General] menu.

3. EQUIPMENT SETUP

9. Drag the menu to display the [Language] menu item, then tap [Language] on the main menu to show the language options.

English (United States)	~
English (United Kingdom)	
Spanish (Spain)	
French (France)	
German (Germany)	
Italian (Italy)	
Portuguese (Portugal)	
Danish (Denmark)	
Swedish (Sweden)	
Norwegian Bokmål (Norway)	
Finnish (Finland)	
Greek (Greece)	

10. Tap the appropriate language to use. The unit will display a confirmation message. Tap [OK] to restart the unit and apply the new language settings. This process takes approximately five minutes to optimize the system for the new language setting. When the process is complete, the power switch color changes to orange. Tap the power switch to start the system.

3.2 How to Set Units of Measurement

- 1. Tap the [FURUNO] icon (rupuno) to show the home screen and display mode settings.
- 2. Tap [Settings] to show the [Settings] menu.
- 3. Drag the main menu to display [Units], then tap [Units].
- 4. Referring to the table below, set the units to show on the display.

Menu item	Description	Options
[Bearing Display]	Adjust the bearing display format.	[Magnetic], [True]
[True Wind Calculation Reference]	Set the reference for calculating true wind speed/angle.	[Ground], [Surface]
[Position Format]	Set the display format for position (Latitude/Longitude).	[DDD°MM.mmmm'], [DDD°MM.mmm'], [DDD°MM.mm'], [DDD°MM'SS.ss"], [DDD.dddddd°], [Loran-C], [MGRS]
[Loran C Station & GRI]	Available when [Position Format] is selected to [Loran-C].	Set Loran C station and GRI com- bination.
[Short/Long Change Over]	Set the distance at which to change between short and long range.	[0.0] to [2.0] (NM)
[Range (Long)]	Set the unit of measurement for long distances.	[Nautical Mile], [Kilometer], [Mile]
[Range (Short)]	Set the unit of measurement for short distances.	[Foot], [Meter], [Yard]
[Depth]	Set the unit of measurement for depth.	[Foot], [Meter], [Fathom], [Passi Braza]
[Height/Length]	Set the unit of measurement for height and length.	[Foot], [Meter]
[Fish Size]	Set the unit of measurement for fish sizes.	[Inch], [Centimeter]
[Pound/Kilogram]	Set the unit of measurement for weight.	[Pound], [Kilogram]
[Temperature]	Set the unit of measurement for temperature.	[Fahrenheit Degree], [Celsius Degree]
[Boat Speed]	Set the unit of measurement for boat speed.	[Knot], [Kilometer per Hour], [Mile per Hour], [Meter per Second]
[Wind Speed]	Set the unit of measurement for wind speed.	[Knot], [Kilometer per Hour], [Mile per Hour], [Meter per Second]
[Atmospheric Pressure]	Set the unit of measurement for atmospheric pressure.	[HectoPascal], [Millibar], [Millimeter of Mercury], [Inch of Mercury]
[Oil Pressure]	Set the unit of measurement for oil pressure.	[KiloPascal], [Bar], [Pound per Square Inch]
[Volume]	Set the unit of measurement for tank volume.	[Gallon] (Gallon & Gallon/hour), [Litre] (Litre & Litre/hour)
[Reset Default Settings]	Restore default unit settings.	[OK], [Cancel]

3.3 Initial Setup

This section shows you how to set your system according to the sensors you have connected.

Note 1: Some units are set to metric in this section, actual setting ranges vary depending on the unit of measurement set in the [Units] menu.

Note 2: For configurations using the DFF-3D, refer to the instructions outlined in the operator's manual (OME-13520-xx; xx indicates publication version).

- 1. Tap the [FURUNO] icon (**FURUNO**) to show the home screen and display mode settings.
- 2. Tap [Settings] to show the [Settings] menu.
- 3. Drag the main menu, then tap [Initial Setup] to show the [Initial Setup] menu.
- 4. Referring to the tables on the following pages, set your equipment.

[GPS POSITION] menu

Menu item	Description		Options (setting range)
[Longitudinal (from bow]	Referring to the figure on the		0 (m) to 999 (m)
[Lateral (-Port)]	positioning bow-stern (Longitudinal) and port-starboard (Lateral) position from the origin.	Origin	-99 (m) to +99 (m) Port-side is negative, Starboard-side is positive.

[BOAT INFORMATION] menu

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Boat Length]	Set the length of your boat.	0 (m) to 999 (m)
[Boat MMSI]	Set your boat's MMSI.	Max. 9 characters
[Boat Name]	Set your boat's name.	Max. 32 characters
[Size of Own Ship Icon]	Set the size of own ship icon.	50 to 150
[Depth Display]	Select the start point for depth measure- ment.	[Under Keel], [Under Sea Level]
[External Transducer Draft]	Set the draft external transducers other than internal fish finder, networked or multi-beam sonar. For internal/network transducers, set the draft from Home screen→[Settings]→[Sounder]→[Trans ducer Draft]. For multi-beam sonars, set the draft from Home screen→[Settings]→[Multibeam Sonar]→[Initial Setup]→[External Transducer Draft].	0.0 (m) to 99.9 (m)
[Keel Draft]	Set the keel draft.	0.0 (m) to 99.9 (m
[Engine Count]	Set the number of engines.	0 to 6

[INSTRUMENTS SETUP] menu - Engine & Tank, Graphic Instruments menus

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Engine & Tank Auto- matic Setup]	See page 3-11.	
[Engine & Tank Manual Setup]	See page 3-11.	
[Graphic Instruments Setup]	See page 3-10.	

Engine & Tank, Instruments Setup

[YAMAHA ENGINE SETUP] menu

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Trip & Maintenance]	Reset fuel used, trip distance, engine trip and maintenance hours (trip hour, standard hour, optional hour, total hour).	[Trip Fuel & Distance]: [Fuel Used], [Trip Distance]. [Trip & Maintenance Hours]: [Port], [Starboard].
[Trim Level Calibration]	Trim all engines to fully down position (zero). If trim level is not zero, tap [SET] to set trim level to zero.	_
[Fuel Flow Calibration]	If the fuel flow indication (gph=gallons per hour) is wrong, you can calibrate the indica- tion to show correct flow. Enter a negative val- ue if the indication is higher than actual; a positive value if the indication is lower than ac- tual.	-7 to +7
[Engine Interface Software Ver. & ID]	Display engine interface software version and ID.	-
[Reset Engine Interface]	Reset engine interface.	-
[Reset Engine Instance]	Reset engine instance.	_
[Reset Number of Engines]	Enter number of engines.	[1], [2], [3], [4], [4P], [4S]
[Trouble Codes]	Display trouble codes. See the operator's manual for the Yamaha engine for details.	_

[IF-NMEAFI SETUP] menu

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Select IF]	Select [IF-NMEAFI] to set the analog data that	is input from the IF-NMEAFI.
	The setting is made after restarting the IF-NME	EAFI.
[Category]	Select the use (category) for this sensor.	[Wind], [ST800_850], [Fuel], [FreshWater], [WasteWater],
		[LiveWell], [Oil], [BlackWater]
[Resistance Full]	The resistance, in Ohms, when the tank is full.	0 (Ohm) to 500 (Ohm)
[Resistance Mid]	The resistance, in Ohms, when the tank is half full.	0 (Ohm) to 500 (Ohm)
[Resistance Empty]	The resistance, in Ohms, when the tank is empty.	0 (Ohm) to 500 (Ohm)
[Capacity]	The capacity of the tank.	0 (G) to 2650 (G)
[Fluid Instance]	Set the tank's NMEA 2000 instance number.	0 to 5
[Self test]	Test results are displayed.	

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Factory Reset]	Resets the converter selected at [Select IF] to factory default.	[OK], [Cancel]

[DATA ACQUISITION] menu

Menu Item	Description	Options (setting range)
[GP330B WAAS Mode]	Select [ON] to use the WAAS mode for the	[OFF], [ON]
[WS200 WAAS Mode]	corresponding GPS antenna.	
[Data Source]	Select the source for each data to input to the system. If two or more sources are connected for a data, select one using the pull-down dialog box. The FURUNO products are shown at the upper part of the list.	
[Sensor List]	Show the information for sensors connected to your equipment. Also, you can set "Nickname" for them here.	
[NMEA0183 Output] Note: If the TTM sentence	[Port Configuration] - [Baud Rate]: Select the output baud rate.	[4,800], [9,600], [38,400]
is received at the same time as another sentence, the constraints to commu-	[Port Configuration] - [NMEA-0183 Version]: Select the NMEA 0183 version for output.	[1.5], [2.0], [3.0]
nication bandwidth may cause a decrease in the number of TTM targets.	[Sentences]: Select the sentences to out- put.	[OFF], [ON]
[NMEA2000 PGN Output]	Select [ON] for the PGN's (Parameter Group Number, NMEA 2000 message) to output from the NMEA 2000 port. Note: The default setting of some PGN's is "ON".	
[Sky View]	Show the condition of GPS and GEO (WAAS) satellites. Number, bear- ing and elevation angle of all GPS and GEO satellites (if applicable) in view of your GPS receiver appear.	

[NMEA2000 Log] menu

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Enable NMEA 2000 Log]	Enable or disable saving of NMEA 2000 data.	[OFF], [ON]
[NMEA2000 Log Storage Location]	Select where to save NMEA 2000 data.	

[SC-30 SETUP] menu

This menu is only available with SC-30 connection.

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[WAAS Mode]	Select [ON] to use the WAAS mode.	[OFF], [ON]
[Heading Offset]	Enter the offset value for heading.	-180° to +180°
[Pitch Offset]	Enter the offset value for pitching.	-90° to +90°
[Roll Offset]	Enter the offset value for rolling.	-90° to +90°

[NETWORK SENSOR SETUP] menu

The [NETWORK SENSOR SETUP] section allows you to set up compatible FURUNO NMEA 2000 sensors. Calibrations and offsets applied in this menu are also applied to the sensor itself.

Tap the sensor to access its menus and settings. For details regarding the menu structure and set up of each sensor, see the appropriate operator's manual, supplied with the sensor.

[CALIBRATION] menu

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Heading]	Offset heading data.	-180.0° to +180.0°
[Speed Through Water]	Calibrate speed data. Enter amount in percentage.	-50% to +50%
[Wind Speed]	Offset wind speed data. Enter amount in percentage.	-50% to +50%
[Wind Angle]	Offset wind angle data.	-180° to +180°
[Sea Surface	Offset sea surface temperature data.	-10°C to +10 °C
Temperature]		

[DATA DAMPING] menu

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[COG & SOG]	Set data damping time. The lower the setting	0 to 59 (seconds)
[Heading]	the faster the response to change.	
[Speed Through Water]		
[Wind Speed & Angle]		
[Rate of Turn]		

[FUSION] menu

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Connect to Fusion]	Connects to your Fusion equipment.	
[Fusion Auto Volume]	Set to [ON] to allow the NavNet TZT2BB unit to control the FUSION volume. Volume is adjusted according to vessel speed.	[OFF], [ON]
[Minimum Speed]	Set the minimum speed threshold. Exceed- ing this speed activates volume auto control.	0.0 (kn) to 98.9 (kn)
[Maximum Speed]	Set the maximum speed threshold.	0.1 (kn) to 99.0 (kn)
[Volume Increase]	Set the amount of extra volume to output when the vessel reaches the [Maximum Speed] setting.	10% to 50%

[BROWSER INSTALLATION] menu

Menu item	Description	Option (setting range)
[FAX-30 Browser]	Show the Facsimile Receiver FAX-30	display.
[FA-30 Browser]	Show the AIS Receiver FA-30 display	1.
[FA-50 Browser]	Show the AIS Receiver FA-50 display	1.

[Initial Setup] menu (Other menu items)

Menu item	Description	Option (setting range)
[Chart Master Device]	Set to [ON] to use this unit as the master, [(This menu does not appear on monitors of port.) Note 1: Set to [ON] on one of the TZT2BB TZT2BB, set to [ON] for only one unit. Note 2: For two or more TZT2BB, do not r set. If you set it incorrectly, get the unlock get the unlock code, refer to Troubleshoot	OFF] to use this unit as a slave. connected to the HDMI OUT2 on the network. For two or more re-set this item once it has been code. For information on how to ing in the operator's manual.
[System ID]	The system ID for this device within the ne	etwork.
[IP Address]	IP address for this unit within the network.	
[Synchronization Log]	Displays the network synchronization log.	
[Quick Self Test]	Displays various details regarding the TZT	2BB unit, radar and fish finder.

3. EQUIPMENT SETUP

Menu item	Description	Option (setting range)
[Certification Mark]	Displays relevant certification for this equipment.	
[Service]	For the service technician.	
[Event Input Configuration]	Set the function for the event switch.	[Off], [Event Mark], [MOB], [Ferry]
[Set Ext. Monitor IP Address]	Set IP address of connected monitor.	[Not Set], [172.31.26.190] - [172.31.26.199]
[Remote Controller Configuration]	When there are multiple units in the NavNet network, the MCU-004 (or MCU-005) can select the display to show on the unit connected with the Remote Controller. Further, the cycling order of displays can be set. See the Operator's Manual for details.	
[Adjust Display Resolution]	Adjusts the output resolution to match the resolution on the connected mon- itor.	
[Event Input Configuration]	Set the function for the event switch. [OFF], [Event Mark], [MOB], [Ferry]	
[Update Network Equipments]	For the service technician.	
[Sirius Radio	Check the satellite radio of the FURUNO BBWX SiriusXM weather receiver	
Diagnostic]	for proper operation. See the Operator's Manual.	
[Sirius Weather	Check the weather section of the FURUNO BBWX SiriusXM weather re-	
Diagnostic]	ceiver for proper operation. See the Operator's Manual.	
[Reset Default Settings]	Reset the system to default settings.	[OK], [Cancel]

[GRAPHIC INSTRUMENTS SETUP] menu

Maximum and Minimum boat speeds

Menu Item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Maximum Boat Speed]	Set the transducer's maximum detectable speed.	1 (kn) to 99 (kn)
[Maximum Wind Speed]	Set the transducer's maximum detectable speed.	1 (kn) to 99 (kn)

<u>[DEPTH] menu</u>

Menu Item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Minimum Depth]	Set the transducer's minimum detectable depth.	0 (m) to 1999 (m)
[Maximum Depth]	Set the transducer's maximum detectable depth.	1 (m) to 2000 (m)

[SEA SURFACE TEMPERATURE] menu

Menu Item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Minimum Sea Surface Temperature]	Set the transducer's minimum detectable temperature.	0.00°C to 98.99°C
[Maximum Sea Surface Temperature]	Set the transducer's maximum detectable temperature.	0.01°C to 99.99°C

Menu Item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Max. RPM]	Set the maximum rpm of your engine to show on the RPM display.	1 (rpm) to 20,000 (rpm)
[Red Zone Oil Pressure]	Set the starting value for the red zone area of the oil pressure meter.	0 (psi) to 143 (psi)
Max. Oil Pressure	Set the maximum oil pressure of your engine.	1 (psi) to 144 (psi)
Min. Temperature	Set the minimum temperature for your engine.	0.00°C to 99.00°C
[Red Zone Temperature]	Set the starting value for the red zone area of the engine temperature indicator.	0.01°C to 999.00°C

[PROPULSION ENGINE] or [OTHER ENGINE] menu

<u>CZone</u>

Menu item	Description
[Add Default CZone Pages]	Create, edit C-Zone pages.
[CZone DIP Switch Settings]	Set this unit's DIP switches. For the serviceman. Do not change the set- tings.

Reset instrument pages. default settings

Menu item	Description		
[Reset Instrument Pages]	Resets all instrument pages to default.	[OK], [Cancel]	
[Reset Default Settings]	Resets applicable settings to default.	[OK], [Cancel]	

[Initial Setup] menu - [Engine & Tank Automatic Setup]

The TZT2BB will automatically detect engines and tanks connected to the same network. This is the recommended method for setting up engines and tanks.

[Initial Setup] menu - [Engine & Tank Manual Setup]

The manual set up method should only be used if the automatic setup did not correctly detect your engines or tanks.

<		Engine & Ta	nk Setup	Reset X
TANK SENSOR				
Instance	Data Source	NickName	Fluid Type	Used for Propulsion
				ON
				ON
				ON
Instance	Data Source	NickName		Used for Propulsion
				ON

Menu Item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Instance]	Engine, tank NMEA 2000 instance number.	
[Data Source]	Engine, tank source.	
[Nickname]	Change the nickname for the engine or tank	
[Fluid Type]	Engine, tank, fluid type.	
[Used For Propulsion]	Select which engine/tank is used to calculate the distance which may be traveled using the remaining fuel. [ON] uses the engine/tank for calculations, [OFF] ig- nores the engine/tank.	[OFF], [ON]
[Reset]	Resets the engine/tank details to default.	

3.4 How to Set Up the Radar

- 1. Tap the [FURUNO] icon (CECURUNO) to show the home screen and display mode settings.
- 2. Tap [Radar] from the [Settings] menu.
- Tap [Radar Source], then select the appropriate radar sensor.
 Note: If a DRS sensor is connected but does not appear in the [Radar Source] list, close the list and open it again. The name of the DRS sensor should appear with a check mark, as in the example below.



- 4. Drag the [Radar] menu display the menu item [Radar Initial Setup], then tap [Radar Initial Setup].
- 5. Referring to the tables on the following pages, set up the radar.

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Antenna Rotation]	Select the speed of antenna rotation. Not available (greyed out) with the radar sensor DRS4DL+.	[Auto], [24 RPM]
[Antenna Heading Align]	See "How to align the antenna heading" on page 3-14.	[-179.9°] to [+180.0°]
[Main Bang Suppression]	If main bang appears at the screen center, slide the circle icon so that the main bang disappears, while watching the radar echo at the left-hand side of the display.	[0] to [100]
[Enable Sector 1 Blanking]	Up to two sectors may be selected for	[ON], [OFF]
[Enable Sector 2 Blanking]	blanking (no transmission). Select [ON] to enable this feature. Set the start and end angles (0° to 359°).	

[Radar] menu - [Radar Initial Setup]

[Radar] menu - [Antenna Position]

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Longitudinal (from bow)]	Referring to the figure on the right,	[0] m to [999] m
[Lateral (-Port)]	enter the radar antenna positioning bow-stern (Longitudinal) and port-	[-99] m to [+99] m Port-side is negative,
	starboard (Lateral) position from the origin.	Starboard-side is positive.
[Antenna Height]	Select the height of the antenna above the waterline. Not available (grayed out) with the radar sensor DRS4DL, DRS4DL+.	[Under 3m], [3m-10m], [Over 10m]
[Auto Tuning]	Enable/disable auto tuning for the connect- ed radar.	[ON], [OFF]
	Not available (grayed out) with DRS2D- NXT/DRS4D-NXT/DRS6A-NXT/DRS12A- NXT/DRS25A-NXT.	
[Tuning Source]	Select a display in the dual range display to	[Range1], [Range2]
	Not available (grayed out) with /DRS2D-	
	NXT/DRS4D-NXT/DRS6A-NXT/DRS12A-	
	Select the height of the antenna above the	
	waterline. Not available (greyed out) with the radar sensor DRS4DL+	
[Manual Tuning]	Manually tune the radar.	[-50] to [50]
	Not available (grayed out) with DKS2D- NXT/DRS4D-NXT/DRS6A-NXT/DRS12A- NXT/DRS25A-NXT.	
[Radar Monitoring]	Display various information regarding the cor	nnected radar.
[Radar Optimization]	Automatically adjust magnetron output and tuning for the connected ra- dar. Available when the [TX/STBY] setting is [ON]. Do not change these settings. Not available (grayed out) with the radar sensor DRS2D-NXT, DRS4D-NXT. DRS6A-NXT, DRS12A-NXT, DRS25A-NXT. Note 1: For the service technician only. Note 2: Do this function whenever the magnetron is replaced.	

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[ARPA Advanced Settings]	For service technician only. Do not change these settings. This item is available when [TX/STBY] is [ON]. Not available (grayed out) with the radar sensor DRS4DL, DRS4DL+, or FAR-2xx8, FAR-2xx7, FAR-15x8 series radar antenna.	
[TX Channel]	Select [1], [2] or [3], the channel where the interference is smallest. See the operator's manual for details. Available with the radar sensor DRS2D-NXT, DRS4D-NXT.	[Auto], [1], [2], [3]
[Target Analyzer Mode]	You can emphasize rain clutter or target echoes when the target analyzer is active. Select [Rain] or [Target] as appropriate. See the operator's manual for details. Available with the radar sensor DRS2D-NXT, DRS4D- NXT, DRS6A-NXT, DRS12A-NXT, DRS25A-NXT.	[Rain], [Target]
[Auto acquire by Doppler]	When selecting [ON], approaching targets (ships, rain clutter, etc.) within 3 NM from own ship are automatically acquired by the Doppler calculated from the radar echo. See the operator's manual for details. Available with the radar sensor DRS2D-NXT, DRS4D- NXT, DRS6A-NXT, DRS12A-NXT, DRS25A-NXT.	[ON], [OFF]
[Set Hardware to Factory Default]	Resets the radar selected at [Radar Source] to factory default.	[OK], [Cancel]
[Reset Default Settings]	Resets [Radar] menu settings to default.	[OK], [Cancel]

How to align the antenna heading

You have mounted the antenna unit facing straight ahead in the direction of the bow. Therefore, a small but conspicuous target dead ahead visually should appear on the heading line (zero degrees).

In practice, you will probably observe some small bearing error on the display because of the difficulty in achieving accurate initial positioning of the antenna unit. The following adjustment will compensate for the error.



1. Set your radar with 0.125 and 0.25 nm range and the head up mode. You can select a range by using the pinch action. The range appears at the bottom right of the screen. Range may also be selected using the slide bar displayed on the right-hand side of the radar display area. Drag the bar up to zoom in, or down to zoom out.







- 2. Turn the vessel's bow toward a target.
- 3. Tap the [FURUNO] icon (concerned by the settings.
- 4. Tap [Radar] to show the [Radar] menu.
- 5. Tap [Antenna Heading Align].
- 6. Key in an offset value (setting range: +179.9° to -180°) that puts the target at the very top of the screen, then tap the ✓ icon.
 +: rotate echo in clockwise direction
 - -: rotate echo in counterclockwise direction
- 7. Confirm that the target echo is displayed at correct bearing on the screen.

3.5 How to Set Up the Fish Finder

When using the built-in fish finder of this unit, the NavNet TZtouch series unit in the same network, or connecting a network sounder (BBDS1 or DFF series), set up the sounder as shown in this section.

Note 1: Some menu items are restricted to certain external depth sounders and that some menu items may not be available when using the internal depth sounder.

Note 2: For configurations using the DFF-3D, refer to the instructions outlined in the operator's manual (OME-13520-xx; xx indicates publication version).

- 1. Tap the [FURUNO] icon (FURUNO) to show the home screen and display mode settings.
- 2. Tap [Settings].
- 3. Drag the [Settings] menu to display [Fish Finder], then tap [Fish Finder].
- 4. Drag the [Fish Finder] menu to display the [FISH FINDER INITIAL SETUP] menu.

Fish Finder Initial Setup menu

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Zero Line Rejection]	When you turn the zero line (transmission line) rejection on, the line is not shown, which allows you to see fish echoes near the surface. The width of the line changes with the transducer used and installation characteristics. If the width of the line is 1.4 m or more, select [ON]. Note: If [Fish Finder Source] is TZTXFF, DFF3, DFF3- UHD, DI-FFAMP connected to a NavNet TZtouch3, set [Zero Line Range].	[OFF], [ON]

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Zero Line Range]	You can set the zero line removal range by turning on [Zero Line Rejection]. Available when [Fish Finder Source] is TZTXFF, DFF3, DFF3-UHD, DI-FFAMP connected to a NavNet TZtouch3. If the tail of the zero line is long, set a large value. If the zero line still does not disappear, reduce the transmission power. The default setting is 2.0.	DFF3: 1.4 to 2.5 m Other than DFF3: 1.4 to 3.8 m
[Transducer Draft]	Set the distance between the transducer and the draft line to show the distance from the sea surface.	0.0m to 99.9m
[Salt Water]	Select [ON] if you use this equipment in salt water.	[OFF], [ON]
[Fish Finder Source]	Set the fish finder to use. Select from a network fish finder DFF3, DFF1-UHD, DFF3-UHD), the built-in fish finder of th TZtouch series unit in the same network. Setting options for pend on the equipment connected to this unit.	(BBDS1, DFF1, is unit, or NavNet [.] this menu item de-
[Transducer Setup]	Setup Transducer and Motion Sensor. See "Transducer Se menu" on page 3-17.	etup
[Transmission Format]	 Select whether to transmit high and low frequencies simultaneously or with a time delay. Normally, use [Parallel], which transmits the frequencies simultaneously. If you encounter interference near the bottom, select [Sequentia-IA],[SequentiaIB] in order to suppress the interference. Note: Shown with connection of DFF3-UHD, DI-FFAMP. *: When DFF3-UHD (program version: 0252480-02.04 or later) is connected, select [SequentiaIA] or [SequentiaIB]. When self interference occurs, select [SequentiaIB] and set the interference supression. 	[Parallel], [Se- quentialA], [Se- quentialB]*
[Transmission Power Mode]	Set the TX power level. See the operator's manual for de- tails.	Internal fish find- er: [Min], [Max] DFF1-UHD: [Off], [Min], [Auto] DFF3-UHD: 0 to 10
[External KP]	Select on to synchronize with external sounder's keying pulse. Note: Shown when the fish finder source is DFF1/BBDS1, DFF3, DFF1-UHD, DFF3-UHD,	[OFF], [ON]
[Bottom Level HF]	The default bottom level setting (0) determines that two	-40 to +40
[Bottom Level LF]	strong echoes received in sequence are bottom echoes. If the depth indication is not stable in the default setting, adjust the bottom level here. If vertical lines appear from the bottom echo in the bottom lock display, lower the bottom level to erase the vertical lines. If you can not identify the fish near the bottom from the bottom echo, increase the bottom level.	-40 to +40
[Gain Offset HF]	If the gain setting is wrong, or there is a difference in the	-50 to +50
[Gain Offset LF]	gain between the low and high frequencies, you can balance the gain for the two frequencies here.	-50 to +50
[Auto Gain Offset HF]	If the auto gain offset is wrong, or there is a difference in the gain between the low and high frequencies, set an	-5 to +5
[Auto Gain Offset LF]	offset here to balance auto gain for the two frequencies.	-5 to +5

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[STC HF]	Adjust the low (LF) or high (HF) STC frequency.	0 to +10
[STC LF]	See the operator's manual for details. Note: Shown with connection of DFF3, DFF1-UHD, DFF3- UHD.	0 to +10
[TX Pulse HF]	The pulse length is automatically set according to range and shift, however it can also be set manually. Use a short	[Short1], [Short2], [Standard], [Long]
[TX Pulse LF]	 pulse for better resolution and a long pulse when detection range is important. To improve resolution on zoom displays, use [Short 1] or [Short 2]. [Short 1] improves the detection resolution, but the detection range is shorter than with [Std] (pulse length is 1/4 of [Std]). [Short 2] raises the detection resolution, however detection range is shorter (pulse length is about 1/2 of [Std]) than [Std]. [Std] is the standard pulse length, and is suitable for general use. [Long] increases the detection range but lowers the resolution (about 1/2 compared to the [Std] pulse length) Note: Shown with connection of DFF3, DFF3-UHD. 	[Short1], [Short2], [Standard], [Long]
[RX Band HF]	Set the bandwidth for low (LF) or high (HF) frequency. The RX bandwidth is automatically set according to pulse length. To decrease noise, select [Narrow]. For better	[Narrow], [Standard], [Wide]
[RX Band LF]	resolution, select [Wide]. Note: Shown with connection of DFF3, DFF3-UHD.	[Narrow], [Standard], [Wide]
[Temperature Port]	 Set the data source for water temperature. [MJ Port]: Use the temperature/speed sensor for data. [Low Frequency]: Use the LF sensor for data. [High Frequency]: Use the HF sensor for data. Note: Shown with connection of DFF3, DFF1-UHD. 	[MJ Port], [Low Frequency], [High Frequency]
[Fish Finder Demo Mode]	 The demo mode provides simulated operation using data stored in the internal memory. [Off]: Disable the demo mode. [Demo 1-4]: Select a demo mode. [Shallow]: Enable shallow water demo mode. [Deep]: Enable deep water demo mode. Note: Shown with connection of internal fish finder NavNet TZtouch series unit, BBDS1, DFF1, DFF3, DFF1-UHD. 	TZT2BB/TZT3 in- ternal fish finder: [Off], [Demo1-4] TZTXFF internal fish finder: [Off], [Demo1-2] BBDS1, DFF1, DFF3, DFF1-UHD: [Off], [Shallow], [Deep]
[Set Hardware to Factory Default]	Reset the external fish finder to its factory default settings.	[OK], [Cancel]
[Restore Default Settings]	Restore all menu settings to default.	[OK], [Cancel]

Transducer Setup menu

For motion sensor related settings, see "Motion sensor menu" on page 3-19.

If [DFF1/BBDS1], [DFF3], [DFF1-UHD], or [DFF3-UHD] is selected for [Fish Finder Source], restart the fish finder after changing this setting.

Note: Make sure that the unit is set to stand-by when setting up the transducer.

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)			
[Transducer Setup Type]	 Select the type of transducer connected. When the connected sounder is a DFF1-UHD and the transducer has a compatible TDID, [TDID] is automatically selected. Note: When the transducer model is changed or TDID is detected, the frequency and bandwidth set on [Manual] is to be reset. [Manual]: Manually set up the transducer. [Model]: Select the appropriate transducer model (for FURUNO or AIRMAR transducers). 	[Manual], [Model]			
[Model Number]	Select the appropriate model number from the list. Note: Only available when [Transducer Setup Type] is set to [Model].				
[High Frequency Min]	Display the high frequency minimum.*				
[High Frequency Max]	Display the high frequency maximum.*				
[Low Frequency Min]	Display the low frequency minimum.*				
[Low Frequency Max]	Display the low frequency maximum.*				
[Restore Default Settings]	Restore all menu settings to default.	[OK], [Cancel]			
[Frequency Adjust HF]	Fine-tune the high-frequency TX frequency to eliminate interference (setting range: -50 to +50). Set to [0] where	-50 to +50			
[Frequency Adjust LF]	there is no interference. Note: These menu items appears when the DFF3, DFF3-UHD is connected.	-50 to +50			

*: Shown with connection of DFF3.

When [Transducer Setup Type] is set to [Model] and connected to DFF3, DFF3-UHD

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)			
[TX Mode HF]	Band adjustment mode for center frequency and CHIRP frequency of the transducer connected to the high frequency side.	[Auto CHIRP], [FM (Manual CHIRP)], [CW (Fixed Frequency)]			
[High Frequency]	Set the high frequency (kHz) of the quency side.	transducer connected to the high fre-			
[Frequency Adjust HF]	If [FM (Manual CHIRP)] or [CW (Fixed Frequency)] is selected at [TX Mode HF], fine-tune the high-frequency TX frequency to eliminate interfer- ence (setting range; -50 to +50). Set to [0] where there is no interference.				
[CHIRP Width HF]	If [FM (Manual CHIRP)] is selected in [TX Mode HF], set the CHIRP fre- quency band of the transducer connected to the high frequency side.				
[TX Mode LF]	Band adjustment mode for center frequency and CHIRP frequency of the transducer connected to the low frequency side. [Auto CHIRP], [FM (Manual CHIRP)], [CW (Fixed Frequency				
[Low Frequency]	Set the low frequency (kHz) of the transducer connected to the low fre- quency side.				
[Frequency Adjust LF]	If [FM (Manual CHIRP)] or [CW (Fixed Frequency)] is selected at [TX Mode LF], fine-tune the low-frequency TX frequency to eliminate interference (setting range: -50 to +50). Set to [0] where there is no interference.				
[CHIRP Width LF]	If [FM (Manual CHIRP)] is selected in [TX Mode LF], set the CHIRP fre- quency band of the transducer connected to the low frequency side.				

Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[High Frequency]	Set the kHz frequency for high frequency. Setting radepending on the transducer connected. Note: Shown with connection of internal fish finder, DFF3, DFF1-UHD.	anges vary DFF1, BBDS1,
[Transducer Power HF]	Set the transmission power for high frequency. Note 1: Shown with connection of internal fish finder, DFF1, BBDS1. Note 2: For DFF1-UHD users, when the connect- ed transducer TDID is not supported by the DFF1- UHD, the setting is fixed as [1000].	[600], [1000]
[Band Width (HF)]	Set the bandwidth for high frequency. Note: Shown with connection of DFF3.	
[Low Frequency]	Set the kHz frequency for low frequency. Setting ra depending on the transducer connected. Note: Shown with connection of internal fish finder, DFF3, DFF1-UHD.	nges vary DFF1, BBDS1,
[Transducer Power LF]	Set the transmission power for low frequency. Note 1: Shown with connection of internal fish finder, DFF1, BBDS1. Note 2: For DFF1-UHD users, when the connect- ed transducer TDID is not supported by the DFF1- UHD, the setting is fixed as [1000].	[600], [1000]
[Band Width (LF)]	Set the bandwidth for low frequency. Note: Shown with connection of DFF3.	

When [Transducer Setup Type] is set to [Manual]

When [Transducer Setup Type] is set to [Manual] and connected to DFF3-UHD

Menu item	Description
[TX Volt HF]	Not available (grayed out).
[TX Volt LF]	Not available (grayed out).
[High Frequency]	Set the frequency (kHz) of the transducer connected to the high frequency side.
[Low Frequency]	Set the frequency (kHz) of the transducer connected to the low frequency side.
[Transducer ?Power HF]	Set the power of the transducer connected to the high frequency side.
[Transducer ?Power LF]	Set the power of the transducer connected to the low frequency side.

Motion sensor menu

The [Motion Sensor] menu sets up the motion sensor, which provides for stable display of the seabed, schools of fish, etc. in moderate-to-rough seas.

Note 1: TZT2BB does not support heaving correction. Motion sensor setup is not required if [Fish Finder Source] in the [Sounder] menu is set to [Internal].

Note 2: To use the heaving function, the following settings are required at the satellite compass. For the setting procedure, see the operator's manual for your satellite compass. Settings for SC-30 are done from the [IF-NMEASC] menu, settings for SC-50/ 110 are done from the [DATA OUT] menu.

3. EQUIPMENT SETUP

The [MOTION SENSOR] menu appears in the [Transducer Setup] menu when the [Heaving Correction] is activated in the [Fish Finder] menu. If the satellite compass SC-30 or SC50/110 is connected, set the distance between the antenna unit (or sensor) of the satellite compass and transducer (high and low if connected) here.



Menu item	Description	Options (setting range)
[Motion Sensor Type]	Select the sensor connected to your TZT2BB unit. For all sensors other than SC-50 and SC-110, select [NMEA2000]. Note: This menu item is not available when [Fish Finder Source] is set to [TZT2BB].	[NMEA2000], [NMEA0183]
[Antenna Posi- tion Bow/Stern HF (LF)]	Set the distance from the antenna unit to the transducer in the bow-stern direction. If the transducer is located on the fore side, set a positive value.	-99.9 to +99.9
[Antenna Posi- tion Up/Down HF (LF)]	Set the distance from the transducer to the antenna unit in the vertical direction.	-0.00 to +99.9
[Antenna Port/ Starboard HF (LF)]	Set the distance from the antenna unit to the transducer in the port-starboard direction. If the transducer is located on the starboard side, set a positive value.	-99.9 to +99.9

3.6 Wireless LAN Settings

Note: The following procedures are not available from a monitor connected to the HDMI OUT2 port.

3.6.1 How to connect the existing LAN

1. Open the home screen, then tap [Settings] \rightarrow [General] \rightarrow [Connect to the Internet].



2. Tap [When Necessary]. Tap "<" to go back one layer.

3. Tap [Wireless LAN Settings]→[Wireless Mode].



- 4. Tap [Connect to existing LAN]. Tap "<" to go back one layer.
- 5. Turn on [Wireless] to see the available WLAN networks at the bottom of the screen.

ENABLE WIR	RELESS		
Wireles	S		
Scan			
	ONNECTED NETWORK		
No Netv	work Connected		
AVAILABLE \	WLAN NETWORKS		
XXXX			
Security	y: XXXX		·••
XXXX			6
Security	y : XXXX		•

6. Tap the network to use.



7. Tap [Connect] to show the network key input window.

ENTER WIRELESS NETWORK KEY	
Show characters	
ОК	
CANCEL	

- Enter the network key, then tap [OK].
 Note: If the network key is incorrect, an error message appears. Enter the correct key and tap [OK] again.
- 9. Tap [X] on the title bar to close the menu.

3.6.2 How to create a local wireless network

Note 1: Do the procedure with [Local Network] in [Wireless LAN Settings] turned off.

Note 2: It may not be possible to connect to a local network if the network is unstable. In this case, turn [Wireless] off and on, or connect via an existing LAN network.

Note 3: Confirm that [When Necessary] is selected in [Connect to the Internet] before doing the procedure.

- Open the home screen, then tap [Settings]→[General]→[Wireless LAN Settings]→[Wireless Mode].
- 2. Tap [Create Local Network], then tap "<" to go back one layer.

LOCAL NETWORK SETTINGS	
Name	TZTL15F
Password	XXXXXXXX

- 3. Tap [Name].
- 4. Enter the name of the network, then tap $[\checkmark]$.
- 5. Tap [Password].
- 6. Enter the password, then tap \checkmark .
- 7. Turn on [Local Network] in [Wireless LAN Settings] to connect to the network.
- 8. Tap [X] on the title bar to close the menu.
- Connect to NavNet TZtouch2 at your tablet or smartphone. Use the network name and password, set up in this procedure, when connecting to the TZT2BB via tablet or smartphone.

3.7 Ferry Mode

Note: Only the SC-30, SC-33, SC-70, SC-130, and SCX-20 support the Ferry Mode.

Ferry mode allows the user to change the screen orientation by 180°. Note that all the above heading sensors must support heading offset command from this equipment. Both heading sensors and radar sensors must be powered on when this equipment sends the command. Both the heading sensor and radar sensor must be powered when this equipment sends the heading offset command to them. If this equipment sends the command and one of the sensors does not receive it, the heading data may be reversed. See "[Event Input Configuration]" of "[Initial Setup] menu (Other menu items)" on page 3-9.

3.8 How to Manage Your Charts

The TZT2BB uses the same Mapmedia charts NavNet TZtouch2/3. There are two types of charts: free and paid. When using paid charts, an unlock code is required.

3.8.1 How to set a chart master unit

If there are multiple NavNet TZtouch series* on the network, it is recommended that the unit whose power is always ON be set as the chartmaster. When a chartmaster is set, the system ID is generated for the unit that is set as the chartmaster. When a chartmaster is set, a system ID is generated for the unit set as the chartmaster. The system ID is shared by all units connected to the same network.

*: See page iii for details.

A separate chart card is required for each unit on the network, however the license(s) and unlock code(s) can be shared. Therefore, only one unlock code is required per vessel.

Note 1: Even if the communication with the chart master is unavailable, the paid chart can be used up to 30 times. A notification message will appear on the screen indicating the number of usages remaining. The number of remaining usages will be reset when communication with the chart master is restored, at which time the notification message will also disappear.

Note 2: When two or more units share an unlock code, you need to get an unlock code again if you change the [Chart Master Device]. For example, if the TZT2BB that was used as the "primary" ([Chart Master Device] setting: [ON]) is used as the "secondary" ([Chart Master Device] setting: [OFF]) (and vice versa), the unlock code must be reacquired.

To share the system ID and unlock code in the network, open the Home screen, then tap [Settings] \rightarrow [Initial Setup] \rightarrow [ON] for [Chart Master Device]. The [System ID] (unique to your Chart Master unit; see example figure below) is generated automatically. You will need the System ID when ordering charts from your local FURUNO dealer.



3.8.2 How to update or add charts

Free (USA and NOAA) and for-fee compatible charts are provided by FURUNO and Mapmedia. Go to the URL shown below to download Mapmedia charts. For FURUNO-supplied charts, contact your local FURUNO dealer.

Mapmedia chart data: http://www.mapmedia.com/charts-catalog.html

When you purchase a chart, you will also receive an email with the unlock codes and an attached file: TL_UCPOOL.zuc (automatic chart unlock file).

Download the chart file to your desktop. <u>Unzip</u> the file, then copy it to the root of a microSD card. Insert the card into the SD card slot on the display unit. For the detailed procedure, refer to the instructions on the FURUNO website.

Note: Make sure to unzip the chart file before copying to microSD. The system does not recognize zip files.

A for-fee chart must be unlocked before use, using one of the following methods.

Manually input the unlock code

Go to the Home screen and tap [Charts] to show the [Charts Catalog] display. Tap [Insert Code] then enter the chart unlock code from the software keyboard.

Download the unlock code

Connect to the Internet (see "How to create a local wireless network" on page 3-22). Go to the Home screen and tap [Charts] to show the [Charts Catalog] display. Tap [Download Codes]. The popup message "CODES DOWNLOADED" appears when the download is complete.

Automatic unlock file

- Connect a USB flash memory to your PC, then copy the TL_UCPOOL.zuc (attached to same email as the unlock codes) file to the root of the USB flash memory.
- 2. Turn off the power for the TZT2BB that needs charts unlocked.
- 3. Disconnect the USB flash memory from the PC, then connect the memory to the USB1 port on your TZT2BB.
- 4. Turn on the TZT2BB. The unlock code is automatically applied.
- 5. Turn the power off, then remove the USB flash memory.

3.8.3 How to view your charts

Tap the [FURUNO] icon (To show the home screen, then tap [Charts] to display your charts catalog.

	Tap to do	wload cha	art		Tap to	o show [FIIter	charts] po	p-up m	enu
Chart file name	unlock co Chart file type	odes. e	See belc	table w.	•	Tap to enter unlock code	Syster display	n ID /	
< Charts	Catalog	Download	d Codes	F	ilter	Insert Code	System ID	X	
WORLD VIDE									
SDVJWW00MAP02.DBV	Vector c	harts	~	2.0	C-MA	Ρ		Ū	
SDWW00VMAP04.DBV	Vector c	harts	~	4.0	Datac	ore by Navionics		Ŵ	
SDWW00VS57MAP04.DBV	Vector c	harts	~	4.0	HO S-	57		Ŵ	
SDWW00RMAP01.DBR	Raster c	harts	~	1.0	МарМ	1edia		Ŵ	
SDWW00LSAT01.DBA	Photos		~	1.0	МарМ	1edia		Ū	
SDWW00TIN01.DBT	3D		~	1.0	МарМ	1edia		Û	
SDNA01MET01.DBM	Unknow	n chart	~	1.0	МарМ	1edia		t	
SDWW00CRT01.DBP	Tidal cu	rrents	~	1.0	МарМ	1edia		ŧ	
SDWW00FISHMAP04.DBB	Fishing	charts	~	4.0	МарМ	1edia		Ŵ	L
SDWW00TIDES12.DBS	Tides		~	12.0	MapN	1edia		Ŵ	
		Chart v	ersion	no.	Chart	manufacture	r Tra	sh icon	

Chart status icon	Meaning	Chart status icon	Meaning
>	Free chart. An unlock code is not neces- sary.	ہے	Paid chart. Unlock code entered.
A	Paid chart. Unlock code is necessary to use the chart. Tap [Insert Code] at the top of the [Charts Catalog] screen. Enter the unlock code then tap $[\checkmark]$ to finish.	\triangle	Chart cannot be used because it is corrupted.

How to hide unnecessary charts on the chart catalog list

- 1. Tap [Filter] on the chart catalog list title bar to show the [Filter charts] window.
- Select [OFF] for the items that you want to hide. The factory setting shows all charts. To restore all charts, tap [Reset Filters].
- Tap < on the title bar to return to the chart catalog list. [Filter] on the title bar changes to [Change Filter].
- 4. Tap the close button to close the chart catalog list.

<	Filter charts
CHART KIND	
Vector	
Raster	
Photo	ON
3D data	ON
Tides/currents	ON
MANUFACTURERS	
Mapmedia	ON
C-MAP	ON

3.8.4 How to delete charts

Before replacing a chart, you should delete the old chart data on every NavNet TZtouch2/3 and TZT2BB unit. Only delete the chart data that you intend to replace or no longer require.

Open the charts catalog. Tap the trashcan icon of the chart to delete. You are asked "ARE YOU SURE YOU WANT TO DELETE THIS FILE?" Tap [OK] to delete the file.

3.9 IP Camera Setup

When connecting one or more IP camera (maximum 4), the following settings are required at the camera.

- IP Address: 172.31.200.003~172.31.200.006
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0

IP cameras are network devices that connect directly to a HUB or directly to the TZT2BB. The IP camera is should meet the following requirements.

Video Compression	Resolution	Compression Level
H.264/MPEG-4	800×600	30

Up to four IP cameras can be connected to one NavNet TZtouch2 network. At this time, only AXIS IP cameras that support MPEG4 video are functional in the network. For more details, see the operator's manual for AXIS models.

APPX. 1 TRANSDUCER LIST

The table below shows the optionally available transducers and whether they are compatible with the functions listed.

Model	ACCU-FISH [™]	Bottom Disc.	RezBoost™	Remarks
520-5PSD	Yes	Yes	Yes	600 W
520-5MSD	Yes	Yes	Yes	
525-5PWD	Yes	Yes	Yes	
525STID-MSD	Yes	Yes	Yes	
525STID-PWD	Yes	Yes	Yes	
520-PLD	Yes	Yes	Yes	
525T-BSD	Yes	Yes	Yes	
525T-PWD	Yes	Yes	Yes	
525T-LTD/12	Yes	Yes	Yes	
525T-LTD/20	Yes	Yes	Yes	
SS60-SLTD/12	Yes	Yes	Yes	
SS60-SLTD/20	Yes	Yes	Yes	
526TID-HDD	Yes	Yes	Yes	1 kW
50/200-1T	Yes	Yes	Yes	
50B-6	No	No	No	
50B-6B	No	No	No	
200B-5S	No	No	No	

Standard transducers (CW narrow band)

NAME	OUTLINE	DESCRIPTION/CODE No.	Q' TY		FURUI	NO I	CODE NO. 001-493-820-0	0
ユニット UNIT	50			_			TYPE CP19-02101	-
77# 77X		PSD-003-*	1		工事材料表			
al féan thrib		000-034-830-00 **		1	NSTALLATION MATERIALS			
ROCESSOR UNIT	300	MPU-004-*	1	ä	·号名称 NO. NAME	略図 OUTLINE	型名/規格 DESCRIPTIONS	数量 0' TY
	¥ 383 ×	000-034-825-00 **			EMI37	1 And	GRFC-9	•
予備品 SPARE	PARTS				' EMI CORE	500 Carl 32	CODE	1 '
*आस संस PARE PARTS		SP19-00601	1		320997177	7 Jaca dera	NO. 000-190-381-10	
		001-023-040-00			2 CONNECTOR CAP	10 15 Dr.	CODE	1
工事材料 INSTAL	LATION MATERIALS					97 137	NO. 000-194-072-10	
-7 N (78E9) MJ ABLE ASSEMBLY	L=3.5N	MJ-A3SPF0019-035C	1		3 CONNECTOR CAP	117 5, 34% 24% 0167 14 16 16	CAP-15-035B	1
· 車 計 料		000-156-058-11		-	(1578-p) \427 12.	φ11	NO. 000-194-073-10	-
NSTALLATION MATERIALS	\bigcirc	CP19-02101	1		4 SELF-TAPPING SCREW	() 	5X20 SUS304	4
図書 DOCUM	ENT	001-493-620-00		L		1	10. 000-162-608-10	
ラッシュマウント型紙	210							
LUSH MOUNTING TEMPLATE	297	C42-01207-*	1					
x扱説明CD	¢ 120							
PERATOR'S MANUAL CD		TZTLXXF 0/M *CD-R0M*	1					
操作要領書	210	000 100 000 1*						
PERATOR'S GUIDE	297	0S*-44870-*	1					
も備要領書(英)	210	000 100 070 11 11						
NSTALLATION MANUAL(EN)	297	IME-44960-*	1					
コード支展に「おお」の付いたコニットは代表の)形式/コードを表示しています	000-194-228-1*						
CODE NUMBER ENDING WITH "**" IN	DICATES THE CODE NUMBER OF REPP	RESENTATIVE MATERIAL						

C4496-Z03-C

(略図の寸法は、参考値です。 DIMENSIONS IN DRAWING FOR REFERENCE ONLY.)

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C4496-M01-A

(略図の寸法は、参考値です。 DIMENSIONS IN DRAWING FOR REFERENCE ONLY.)

A-3 FURUNO
 CODE NO.
 001-493-860-00
 19BH-X-9501 -1

 TYPE
 FP19-02101
 1/1
 付属品表 ACCESSORIES 番号 名称 NO. NAME SDカード 書込み品 略 図 OUTLINE 型名/規格 DESCRIPTIONS 数量 0' TY 用途/備考 REMARKS 24 1950188-1 SD MEMORY CARD 1 CODE NO. 001-493-870-00 92 42 WIFI_ARIBステッカー 19-031-1563-1 CODE NO. 2 WIFI_ARIB STICKER 1

> (略図の寸法は、参考値です。 DIMENSIONS IN DRAWING FOR REFERENCE ONLY.) FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

C4496-F01-B



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