INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



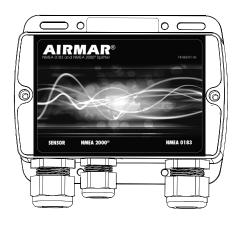
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NMEA 0183 and NMEA 2000®

Splitter

For WeatherStation® Instrument GPS Receiver Heading Sensor



Follow the safety precautions below to reduce the risk of poor product performance, property damage, personal injury, and/or death.

WARNING: Always wear safety goggles and a dust mask when installing.

WARNING: The power supply must be OFF before proceeding with the installation.

WARNING: A safe installation requires a 0.5 amp fastblow fuse or circuit breaker. Except WeatherStation models with a heater require a 3 amp fast-blow fuse or circuit breaker.

WARNING: The power source must be isolated from the engine start battery(s). Voltage drops may cause the instrument/receiver/sensor to lose information and/or change operating mode.

IMPORTANT: Please read the instructions completely before proceeding with the installation. These instructions supersede any other instructions in your instrument manual if they differ.

Applications

The Splitter allows the data from the instrument/receiver/sensor to be shown simultaneously on both an NMEA 0183 device and an NMEA 2000 networked instrument.

Tools & Materials

Safety goggles

Dust mask

Pencil

Electric drill

Drill bit: 3mm or 1/8"

Grommets (some installations)

Cutting pliers

Phillips screwdrivers

Wire strippers

Heat-shrink tubing

Heat gun

Slip-joint pliers

Multimeter

Cable Routing & Connecting Guidelines

CAUTION: To reduce electrical interference from other electrical wiring and any on-board equipment with strong magnetic fields such as radar equipment, radio transmitters, engines, generators, etc., separate the cables by at least 1m (3'). Ensure that all the cable shields are appropriately grounded.

CAUTION: Be careful not to tear the cable jackets when passing them through compartments, bulkheads, or walls. Use grommets to prevent chaffing.

CAUTION: Use a multimeter to check the polarity and the connections to the power supply before applying power to the instrument/receiver/sensor.

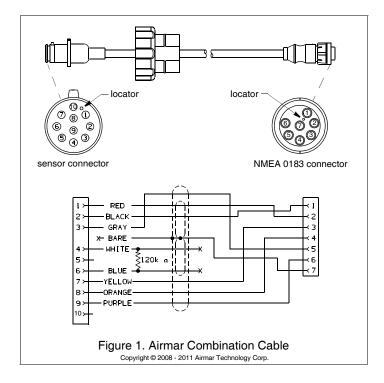
Installation

Mounting Location & Hole Drilling

- Select a convenient dry location for the water-resistant Splitter, a minimum of 1m (3') from other cables and electronic equipment.
- Hold the Splitter at the selected location and mark the position of the four screw holes.

NOTE: If the Splitter will be mounted on a vertical surface, face the compression nuts downward to avoid any possibility of water seeping into the box.

3. At the marked locations, drill 3mm or 1/8" holes to a depth of 10mm (3/8"). Do not fasten the Splitter in place at this time.



Preparing the Cables

The Airmar Combination Cable is able to transmit data in both NMEA 2000 and NMEA 0183 formats. The cable can be cut into two parts (see Figure 1). The section with the sensor connector becomes the sensor cable. The remaining section with the 7-pin, NMEA 0183 connector becomes the NMEA 0183 cable.

Sensor Cable

- Route the Combination Cable from the instrument/receiver/ sensor to the Splitter.
- 2. Allowing an extra 25cm (10") for wiring ease, cut the cable to length. (Set the remaining section of the cable aside. It will be used to connect the NMEA 0183 device to the Splitter.) Do not connect the sensor cable or fasten it in place at this time

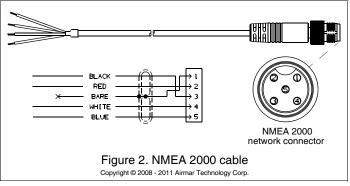
NMEA 0183 Cable

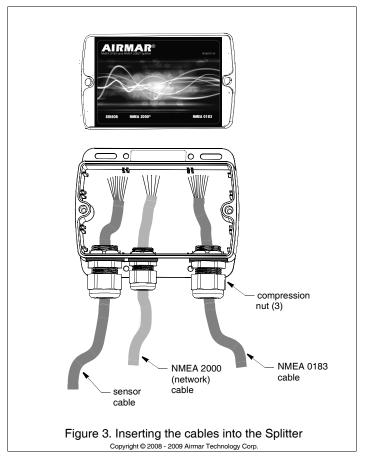
The remaining section of the Combination Cable will become the NMEA 0183 cable.

- Route this cable from the Airmar Data Converter, Airmar Combiner, or NMEA 0183 instrument to the Splitter.
- 2. Allowing an extra 25cm (10") for wiring ease, cut the cable to length. Do not connect the cable or fasten it in place at this time.

NMEA 2000 (Network) Cable (see Figure 2)

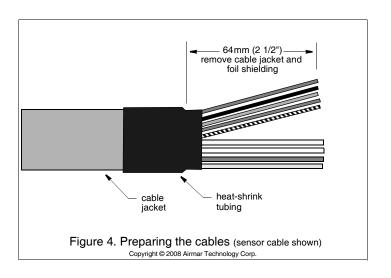
- 1. Route the NMEA 2000 cable from the network node to the Splitter.
- 2. Allowing an extra 25 cm (10") for wiring ease, cut the cable to length. Do not connect the cable or fasten it in place at this time.

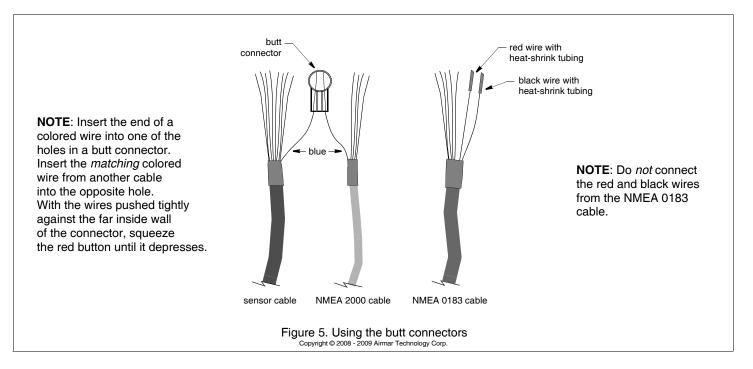




Connecting

- Remove the cover of the Splitter. Set it aside along with the two screws, the packet of silicone lubricant, and the bag of 6 x 1/2" screws and butt connectors.
- 2. Following the label on the Splitter cover, push approximately 200mm (8") of each cable through the appropriate compression nut (see Figure 3).
- 3. Strip 60 mm (2-1/2") of the outer jacket and foil shielding from the cut end of each cable (see Figure 4).
- 4. NMEA 0183 Cable Only (see Figure 5)
 - Cut off the white and blue wires flush with the cable jacket.
 - The black wire and the red wire will NOT be connected.
 Cover the end of each wire with heat-shrink tubing to prevent the possibility of a short circuit inside the Splitter. Use a heat gun to shrink the tubing.

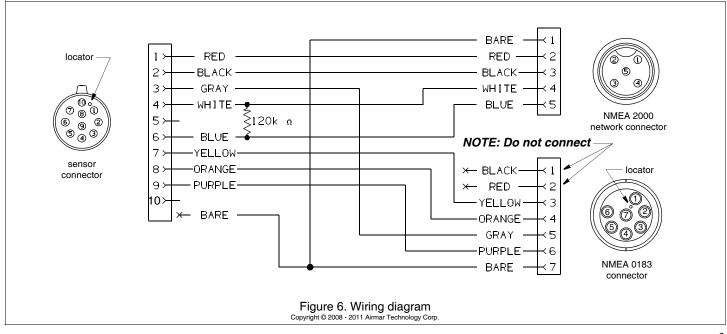




- 5. Protect each cable's foil shielding from causing a short circuit inside the Splitter (see Figure 4). Use heat-shrink tubing around the jackets where the wires emerge from the cable. The tubing must overlap the wires a minimum of 6mm (1/4"). Use a heat gun to shrink the tubing.
- 6. Make the connections using the red butt connectors supplied. Insert the end of a colored wire into one of the holes in a butt connector (see Figure 5). Insert the *matching colored wire* from another cable into the opposite hole. (It is not necessary to remove the colored insulation.) With the wires pushed tightly against the far inside wall of the connector, squeeze the red button until it depresses using slip-joint pliers. Gently tug on each wire to ensure that it is securely fastened. Repeat this process until all the wires are connected as shown in the wiring diagram (see Figure 6).

NOTE: One of the butt connectors will be used to connect the three bare wires. (Each connector has 3 holes to accommodate up to 3 wires.)

NOTE: The red wire from the sensor cable will be connected to the red wire from the NMEA 2000 cable. Likewise, the black wire from the sensor cable will be connected to the black wire from the NMEA 2000 cable. Do NOT connect the red and black wires from the NMEA 0183 cable.



Completing the Installation

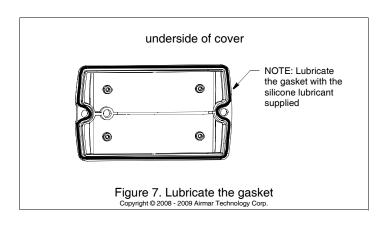
- 1. From outside the Splitter, pull each cable until only 51mm (2") of jacket remains inside the box. Using slip-joint pliers, tighten each compression nut to make a watertight seal (see Figure 3).
- Arrange the wires neatly inside the Splitter. Check to be sure
 the gasket is firmly installed in the channel on the back side of
 the cover (see Figure 7). Lubricate the gasket with the silicone
 lubricant supplied. Screw the cover in place with the two long
 screws supplied.
- 3. Fasten the Splitter in place with the four 6 x 1/2" screws supplied in the plastic bag.
- 4. Plug the sensor cable's connector into the sensor.
- 5. Plug the NMEA 2000 cable's connector into the network.
- Plug the NMEA 0183 cable's connector into the Airmar Data Converter or Airmar Combiner.

Connecting to an NMEA 0183 instrument

- · Cut off the connector and discard.
- The white, blue, red, black, and bare wires are not needed.
 Cut them off flush with the cable jacket.
- Protect the cable's foil shielding from causing a short circuit by covering the cable jacket with heat-shrink tubing where the wires emerge from the cable. The tubing must overlap the wires a minimum of 6mm (1/4"). Use a heat gun to shrink the tubing.
- Connect the following wires:

grey A/+ NMEA output purple B/- NMEA output yellow A/+ NMEA input orange B/- NMEA input

7. Fasten all the cables in place.



Parts

Obtain parts from your sensor manufacturer or marine dealer.

Gemeco Tel: 803.693.0777 (USA) Fax: 803.693.0477

email: sales@gemeco.com

Airmar EMEA Tel: +33.(0)2.23.52.06.48 (Europe, Middle East, Africa) Fax: +33.(0)2.23.52.06.49

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